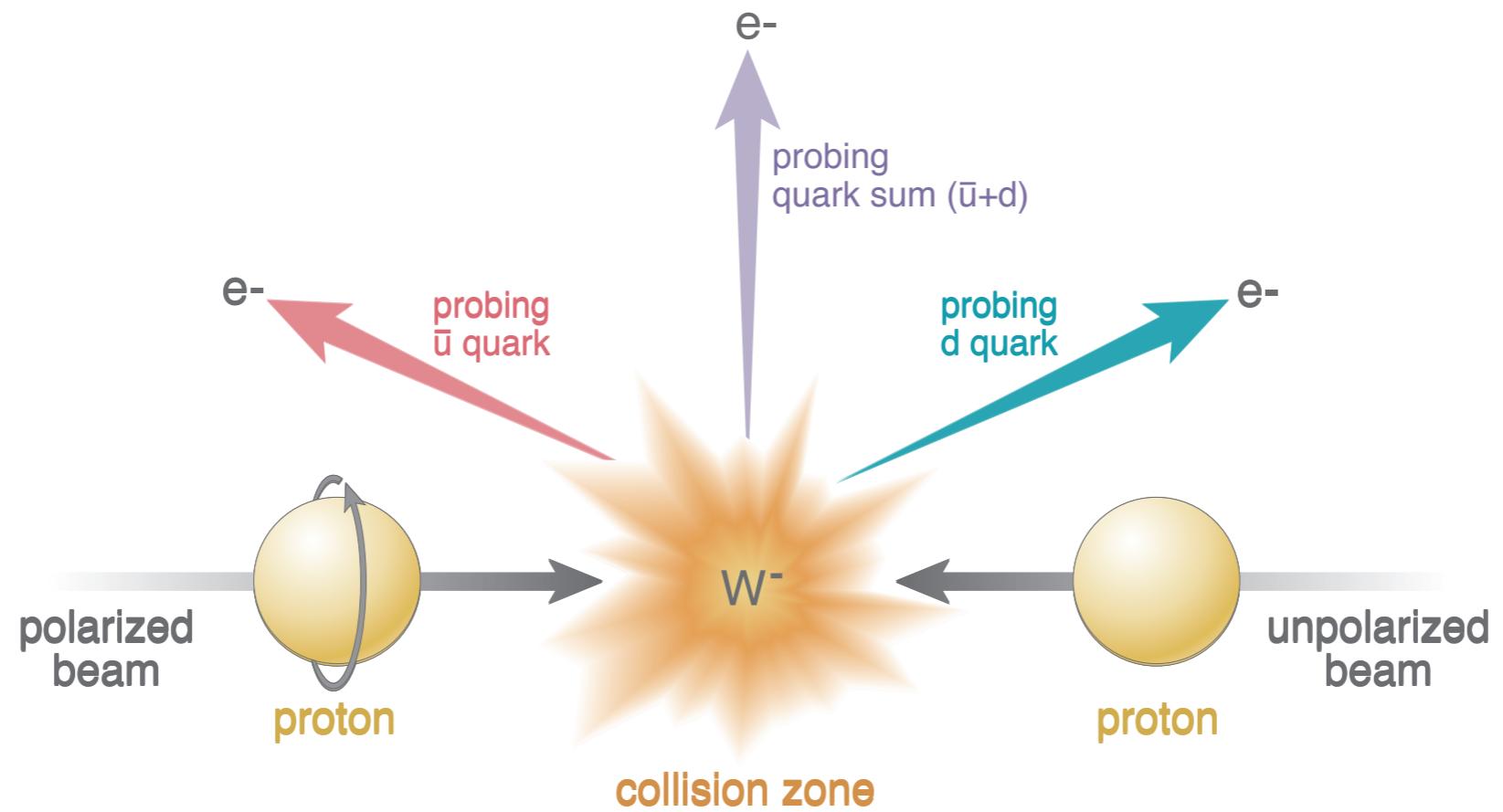
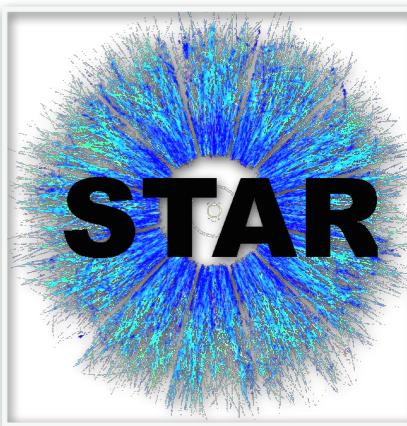


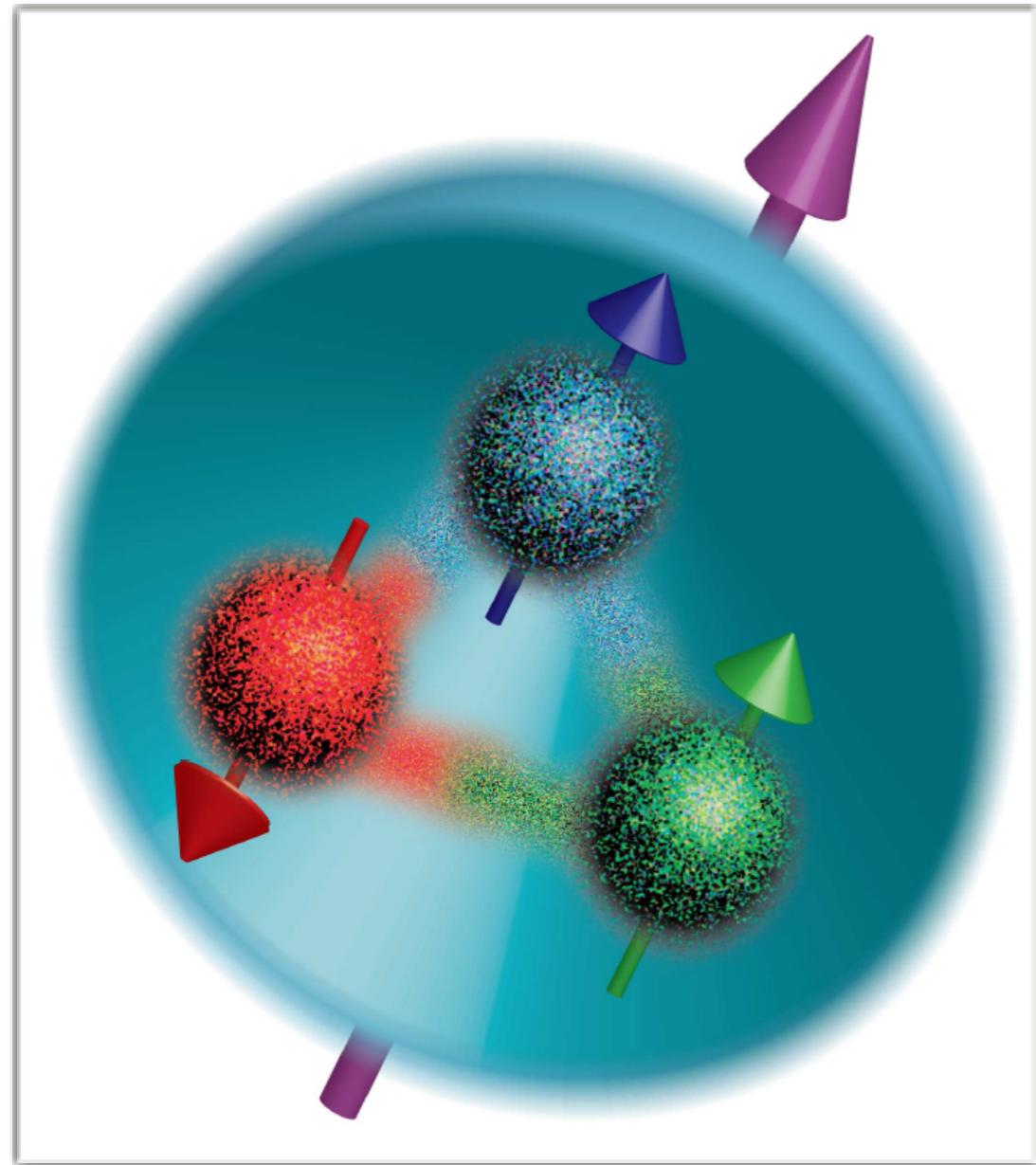
Measurement of longitudinal single-spin asymmetries for W^\pm boson production in polarized p+p collision at $\sqrt{s}=510$ GeV at RHIC



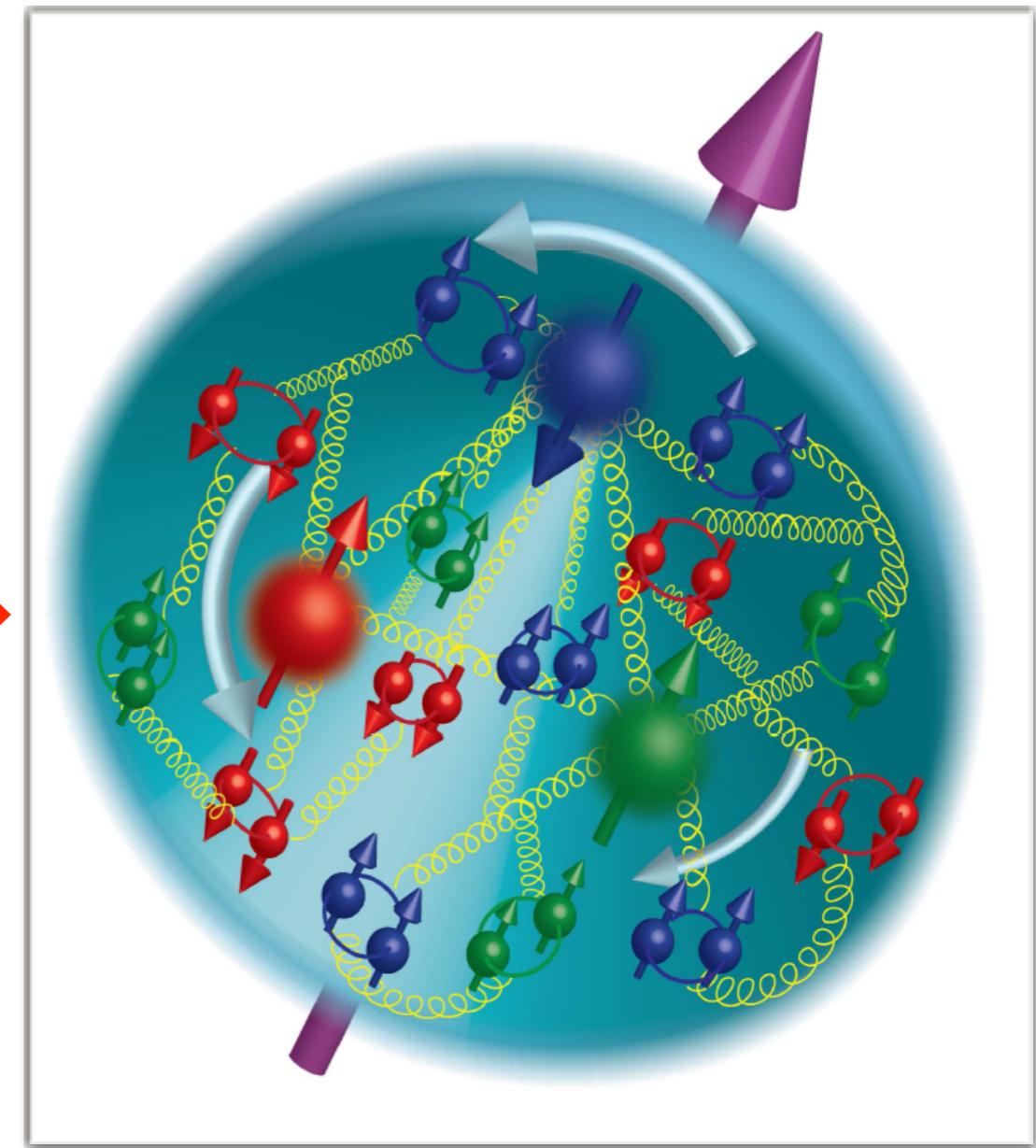
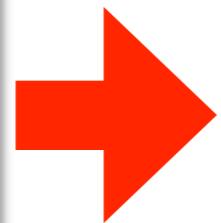
Devika Gunarathne
(for the STAR collaboration)
Temple University



Evolving Picture of Proton's spin



Valence Quarks



Sea Quarks and Gluons

Anti Quarks Polarization

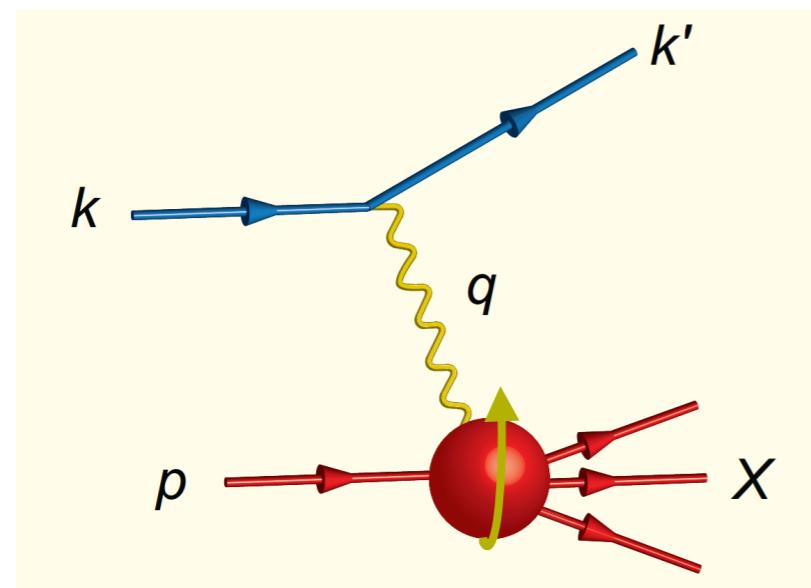
Spin sum rule for longitudinally Polarized proton :

$$\langle S_p \rangle = \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma} + \Delta G + L$$

Jeffe and Monahar, 1990

$$\boxed{\Delta \Sigma} = \int (\Delta u + \Delta d + \Delta s + \boxed{\Delta \bar{u}} + \boxed{\Delta \bar{d}} + \Delta \bar{s}) dx$$

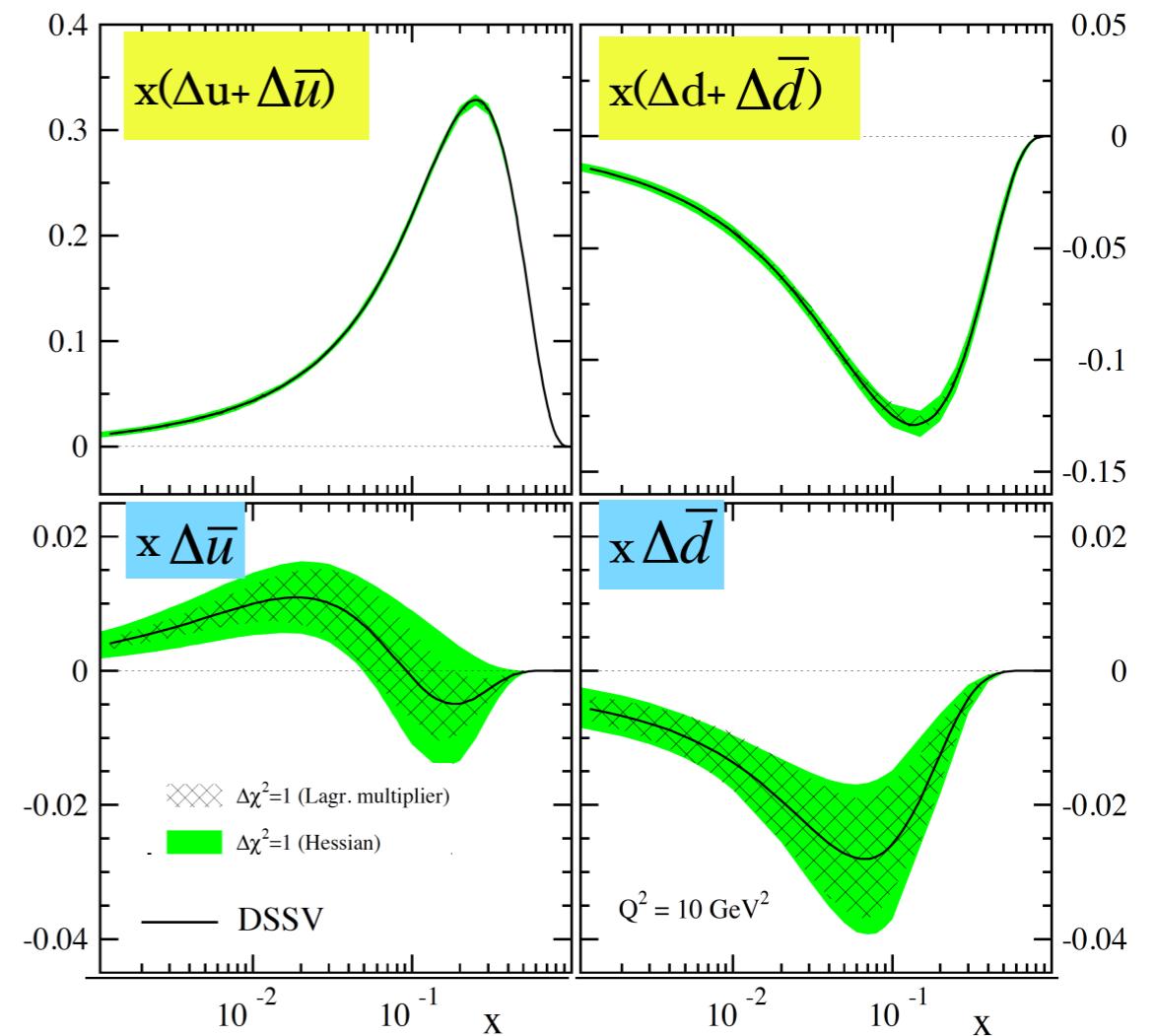
**~30%
polarized
inclusive
DIS**



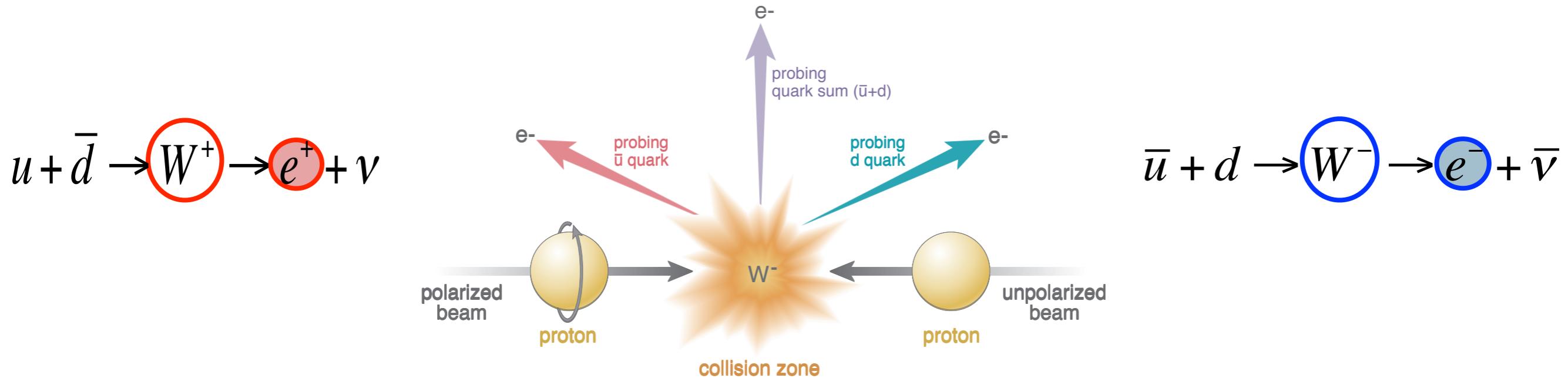
Helicity PDF

$$\Delta f(x, Q^2) \equiv f^+(x, Q^2) - f^-(x, Q^2)$$

DSSV Global Analysis



W-Boson Production



- ❖ Maximal **Violation of Parity** leads to perfect **spin separation**.
- ❖ Direct coupling to the **quark and antiquark of interest**.
- ❖ Higher resolution scale (Q^2) set by the **W mass**.
- ❖ Easy detection via the **leptonic decay channels**.

Parity violating longitudinal
single spin asymmetry

$$A_L = \frac{\sigma^+ - \sigma^-}{\sigma^+ + \sigma^-}$$

WA_L : Theoretical Aspects

WA_L, highly sensitive to individual polarizations at forward and backward decay lepton pseudo rapidity (η_e)

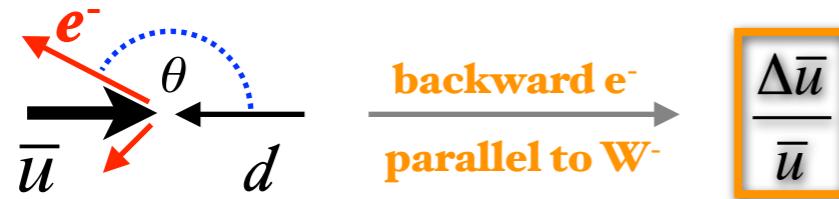
$$\eta = -\ln \left(\tan \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\langle x_{1,2} \rangle \sim \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} e^{\pm \eta_e / 2}$$

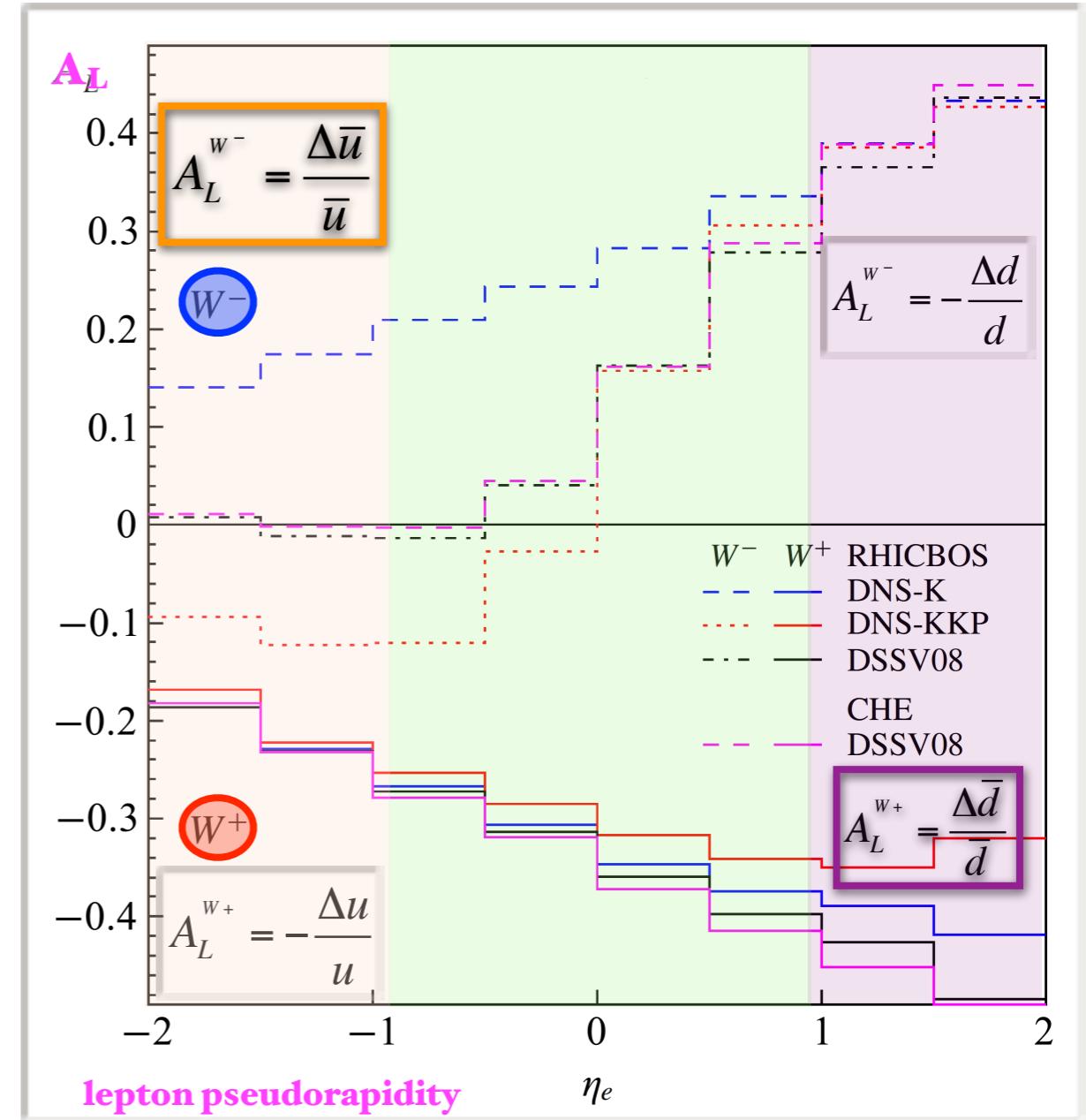
$\eta \lll 0 \rightarrow x_1 \ll x_2, \theta \rightarrow \pi$

$\eta \ggg 0 \rightarrow x_1 \gg x_2, \theta \rightarrow 0$

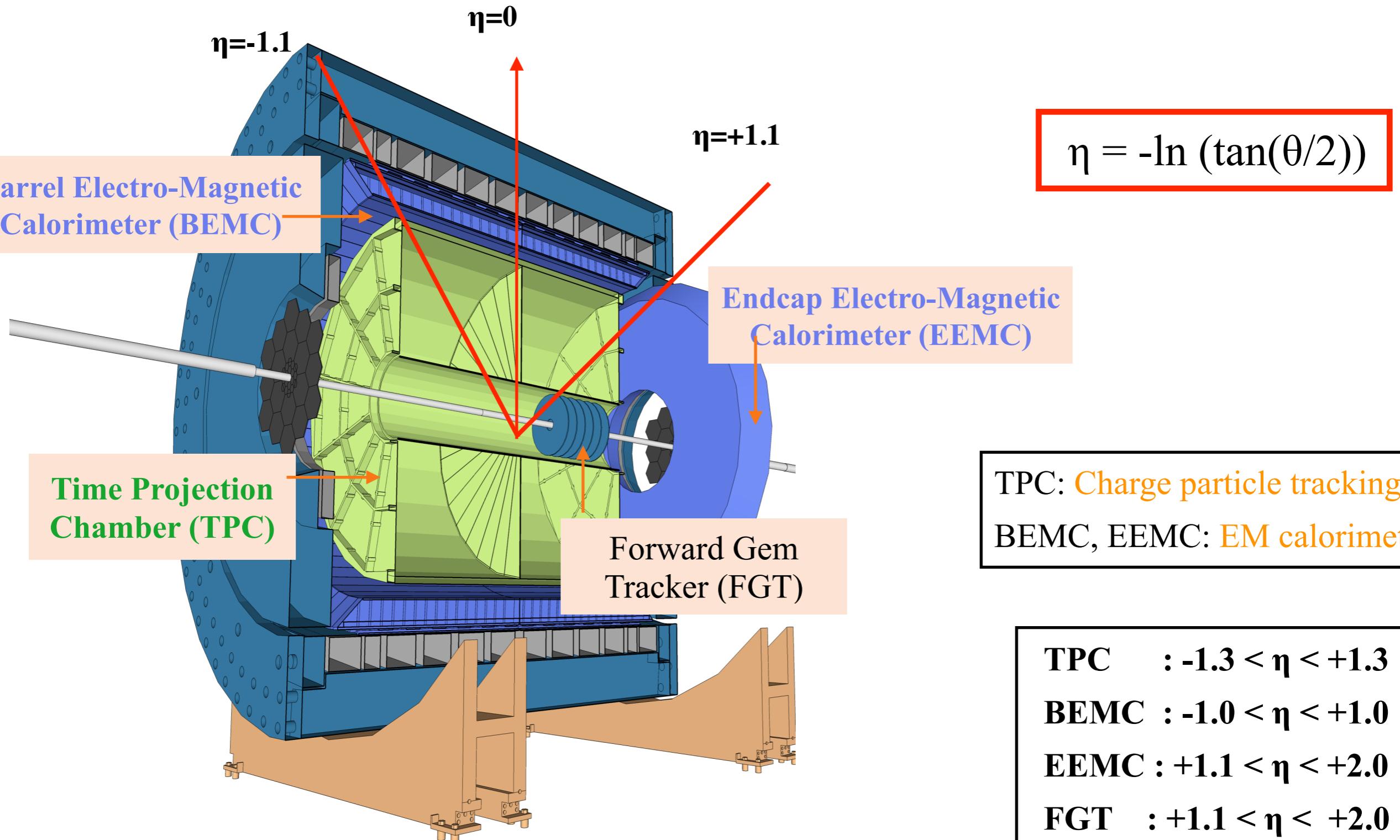
$$A_L^{W^-} \propto \frac{-\Delta d(x_1)\bar{u}(x_2) + \Delta\bar{u}(x_1)d(x_2)}{d(x_1)\bar{u}(x_2) + \bar{u}(x_1)d(x_2)}$$



$$A_L^{W^+} \propto \frac{-\Delta u(x_1)\bar{d}(x_2) + \Delta\bar{d}(x_1)u(x_2)}{u(x_1)\bar{d}(x_2) + \bar{d}(x_1)u(x_2)}$$



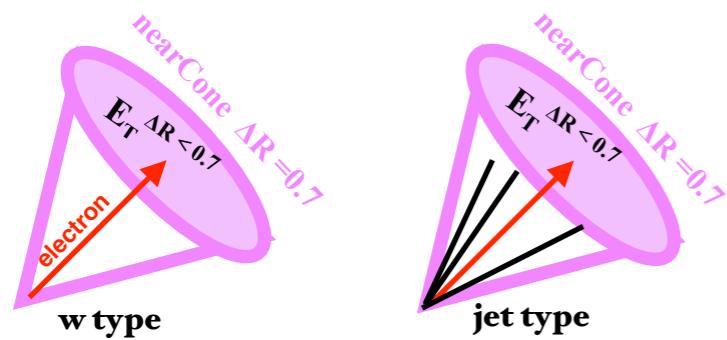
STAR Detector Overview



Mid-rapidity ($|\eta_e| < 1$) W Selection

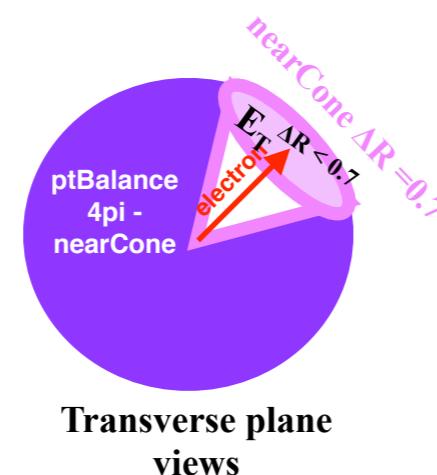
- Match $P_T > 10$ GeV TPC tracks to BEMC cluster

- Isolate from QCD di-jet type event

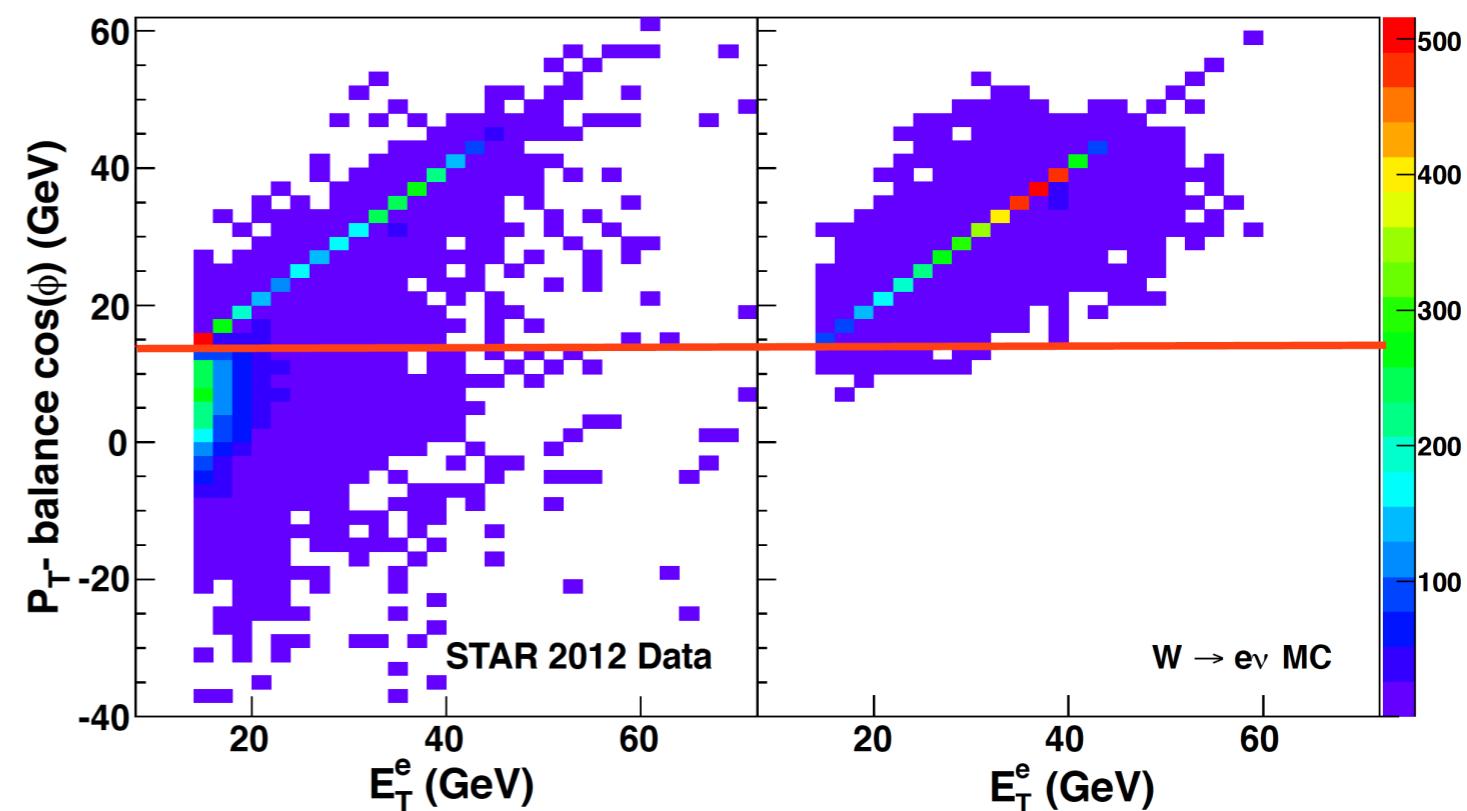
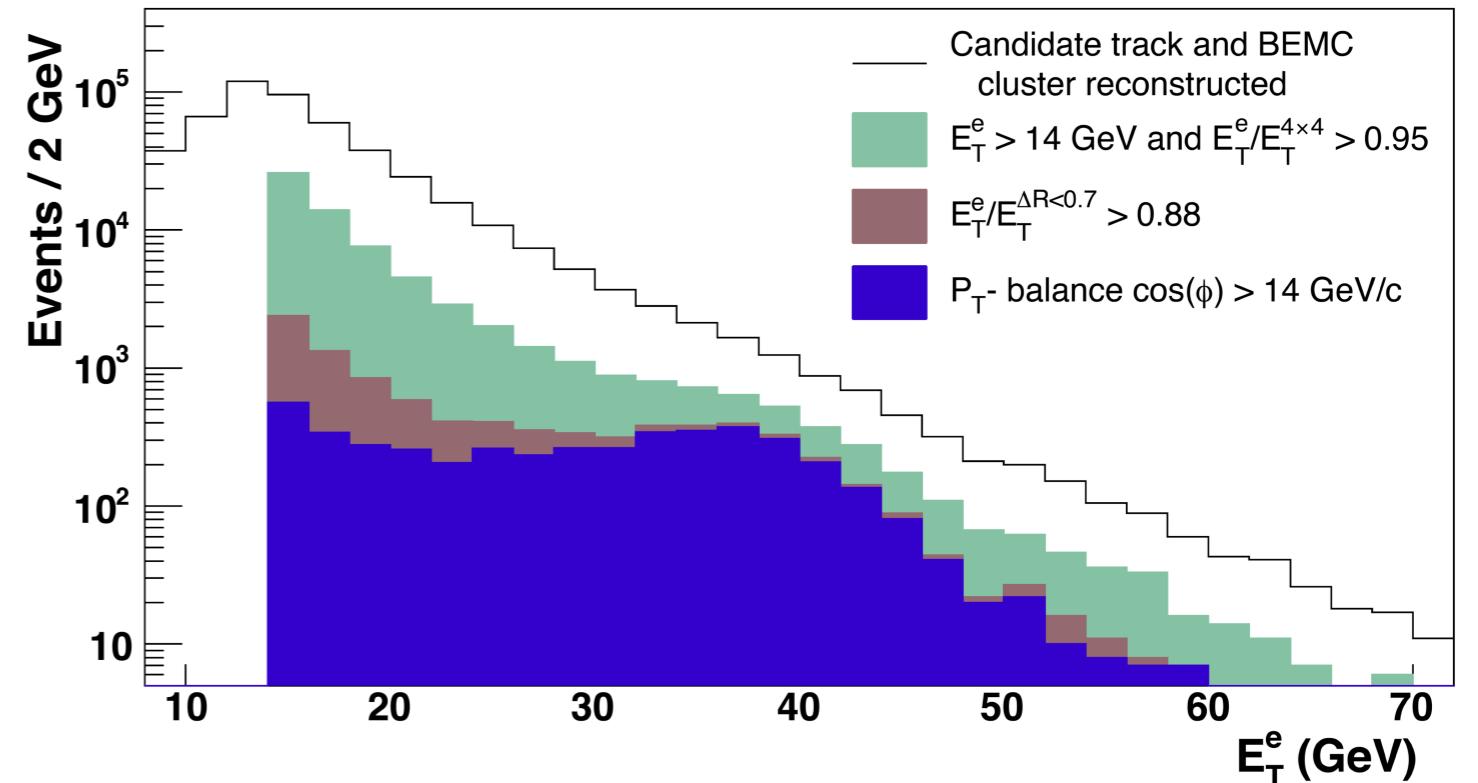


- Use Larger imbalance of transverse momentum

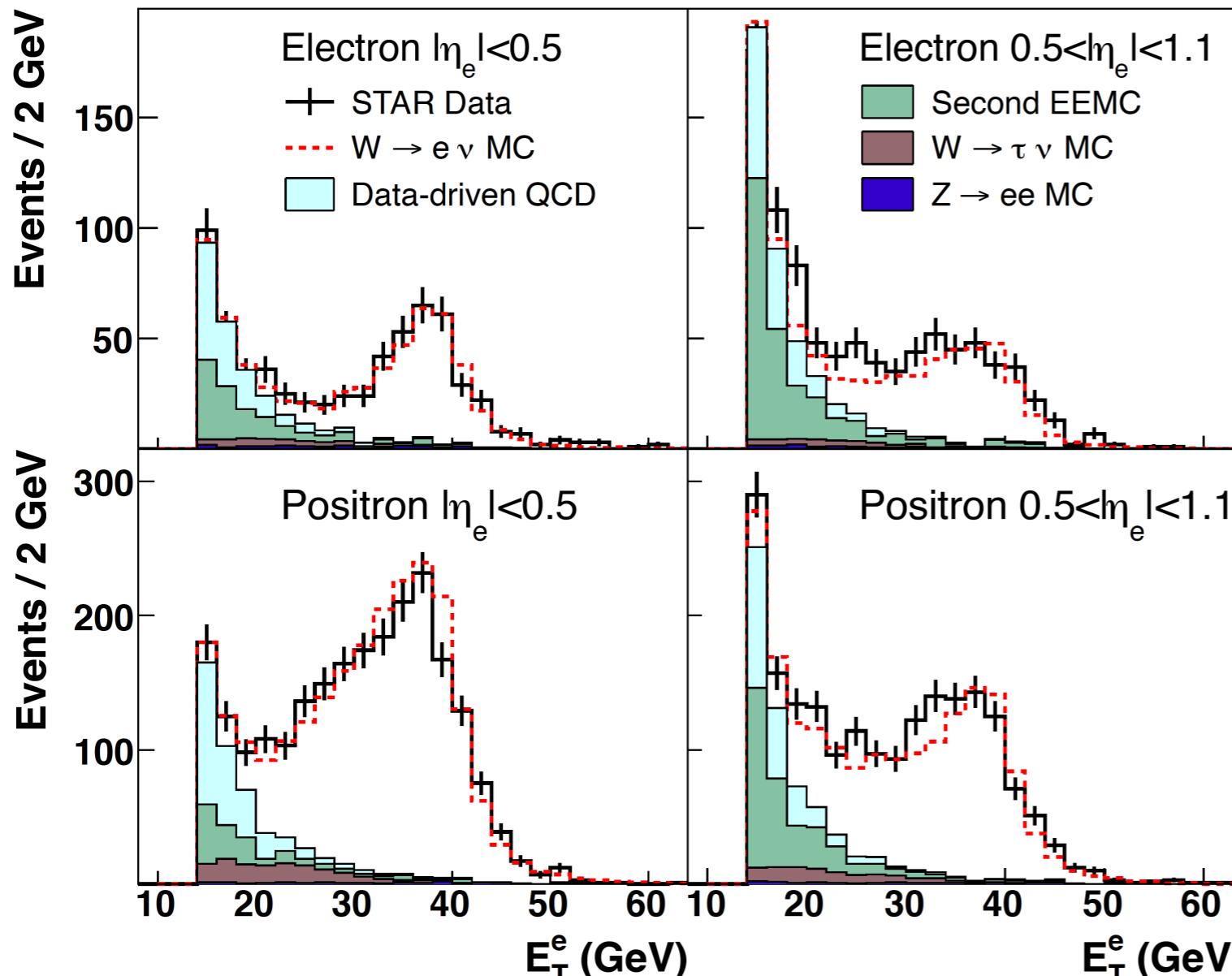
$$\vec{p}_T^{balance} = \vec{p}_T^e + \sum_{\Delta R > 0.7} \vec{p}_T^{jets}$$



- e^+ and e^- Charge sign Separation



Mid-rapidity Background Estimation



PRL 113,72301 (2014)

✿ Electroweak BG

* $W \rightarrow \tau \nu$

**MC Embedded in
Zero-bias events**

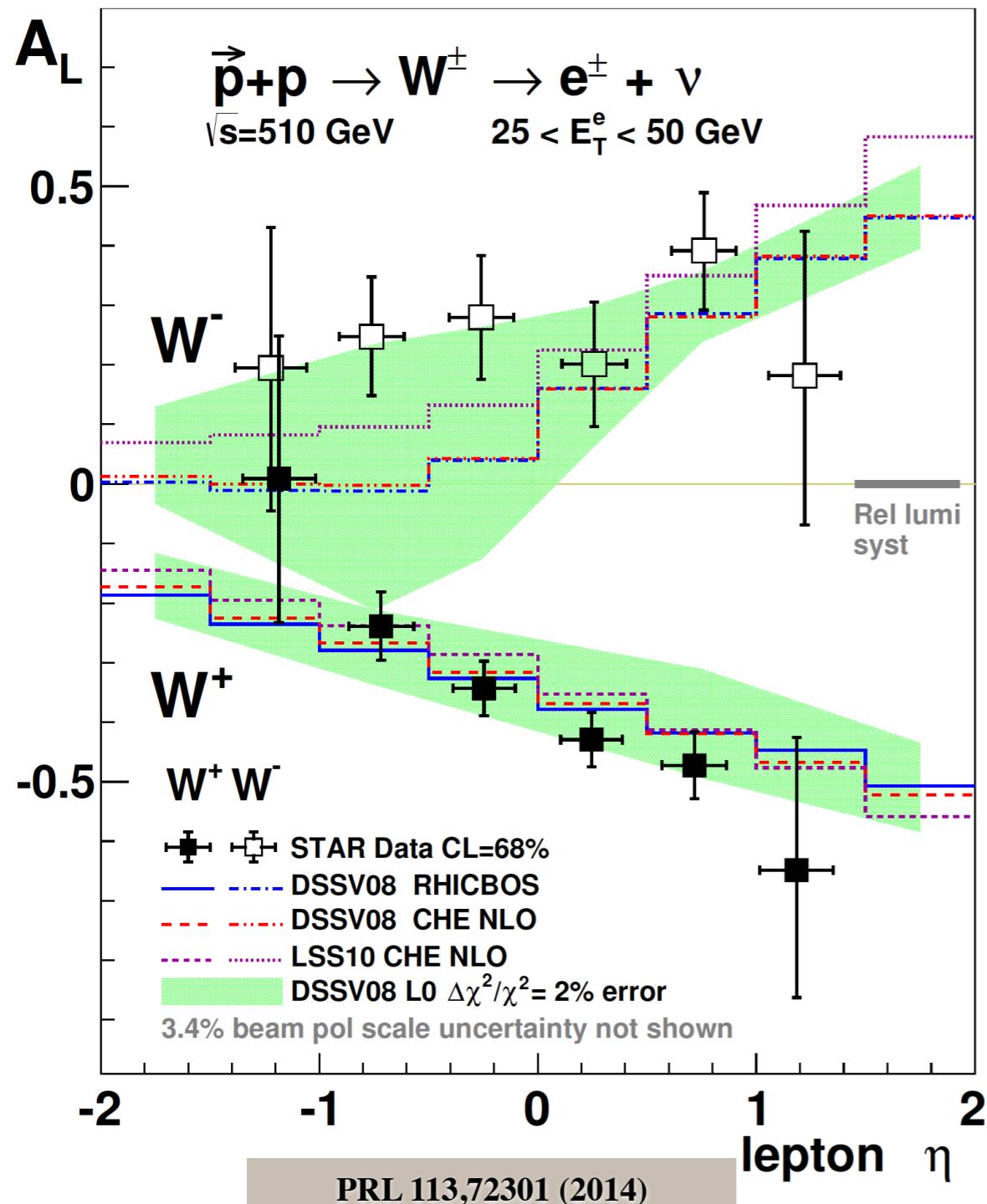
* $Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-$

✿ Data driven QCD

✿ Second Endcap

Forward rapidity ($1 < \eta_e < 1.4$) W selection use similar technique as mid rapidity and Background Estimation improve using additional Endcap Shower Maximum Detector (ESMD)

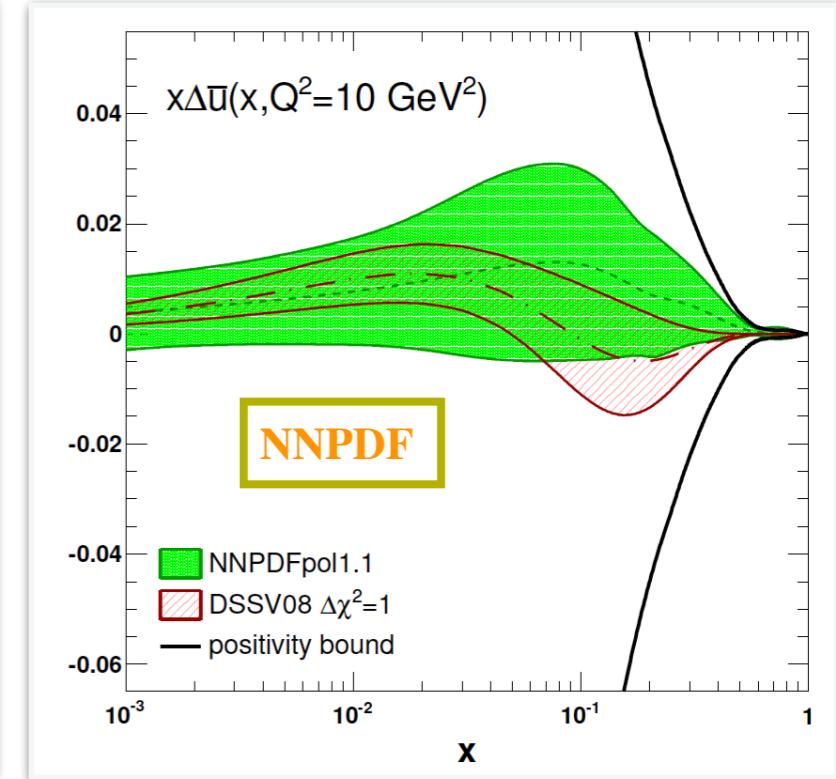
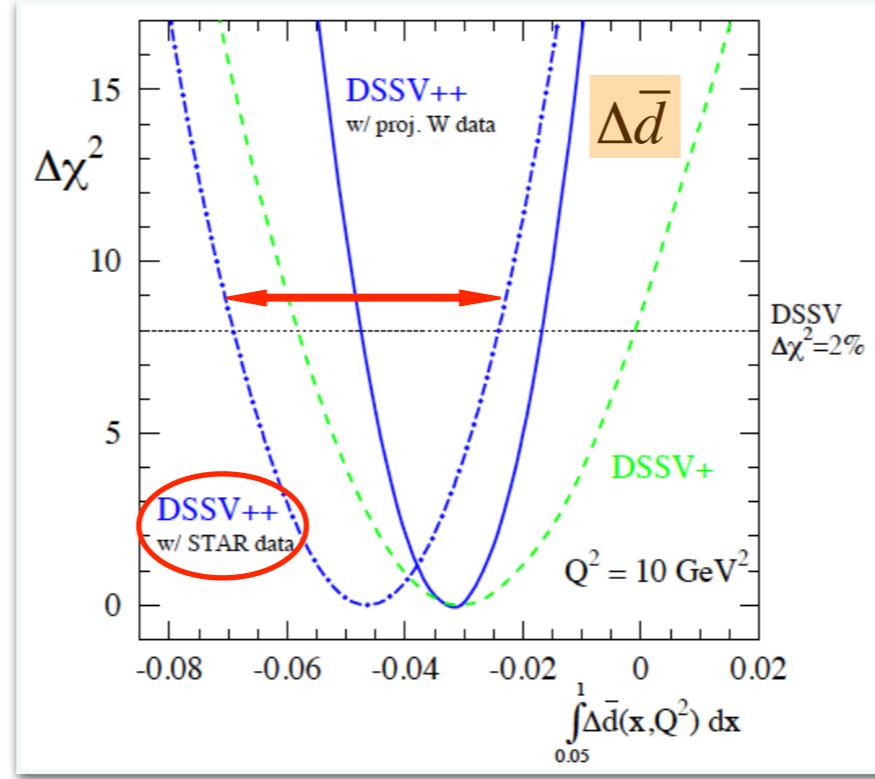
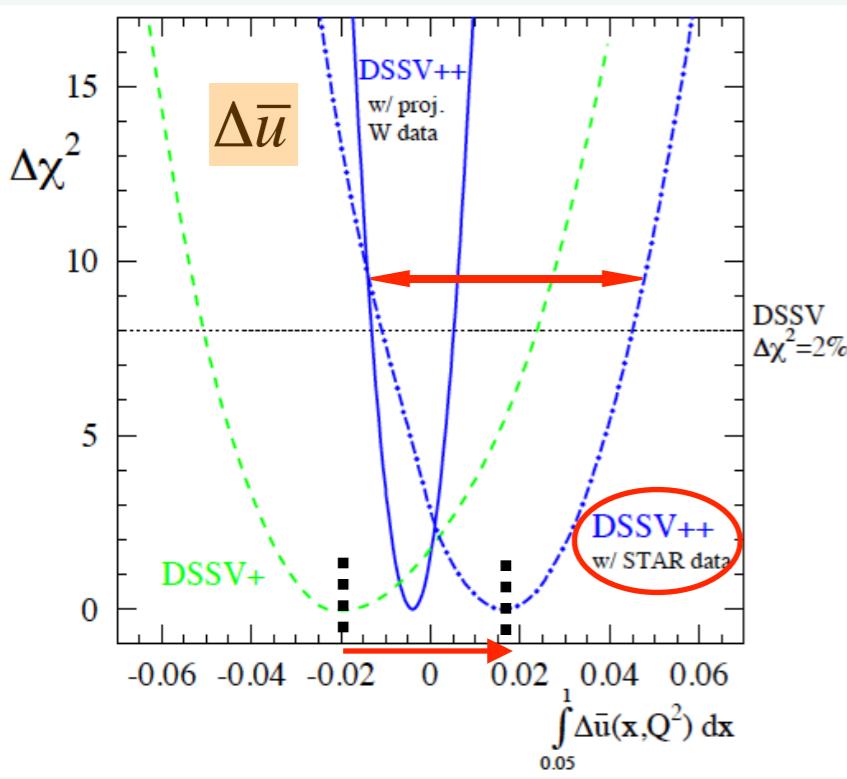
STAR 2012+2011 W AL (η_e)



- ✿ Profile Likelihood method used to extract Asymmetries from combination of 2012 and 2011 data.
- ✿ $A_L(W^-)$ is larger than the DSSV Predictions.
 - ✿ The enhancement at $\eta_e < 0$, in particular is sensitive to the $\Delta\bar{u}$, polarized antiquark distribution.
- ✿ $A_L(W^+)$ is consistent with theoretical predictions using the DSSV polarized PDFs.
- ✿ The Systematic uncertainties for A_L are well under control for $|\eta_{el}| < 1.4$.

Impact on Recent Global Analysis

- ❖ Preliminary Global analysis (DSSV++) from DSSV group and recent NNPDF includes preliminary STAR 2012 W AL data.
- ❖ Shift in central value for $\Delta\bar{u}$ (negative \rightarrow positive) and $\Delta\bar{d}$ due to AL W from STAR .
- ❖ STAR 2012 W results provide significant constraints on anti u and anti d quark polarization.



arXiv: 1304.0079

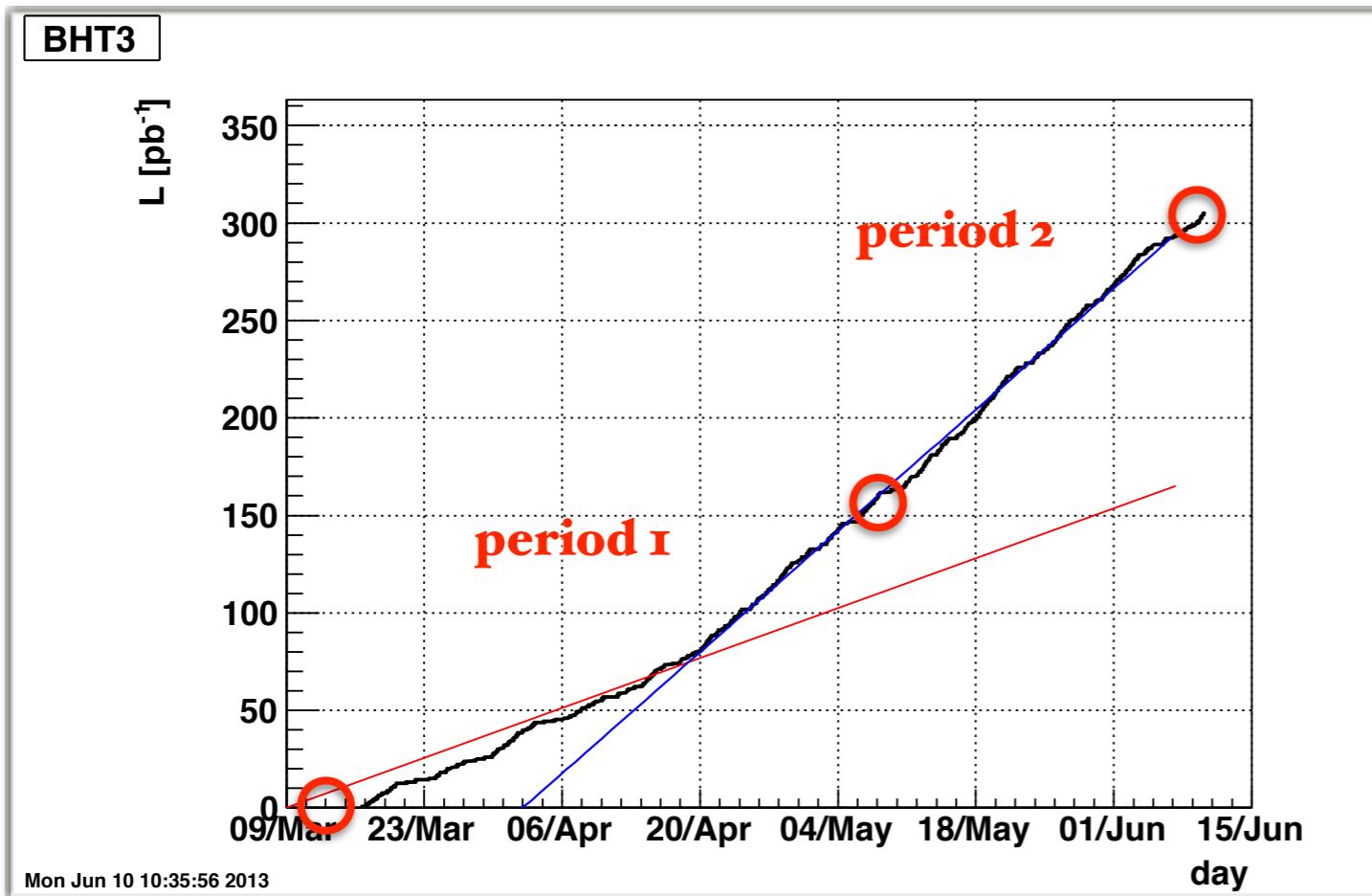
arXiv: 1304.0079

arXiv: 1403.0440

STAR 2013 W Analysis Status

2013 Data Sample

Barrel EMC triggered Integrated Luminosity



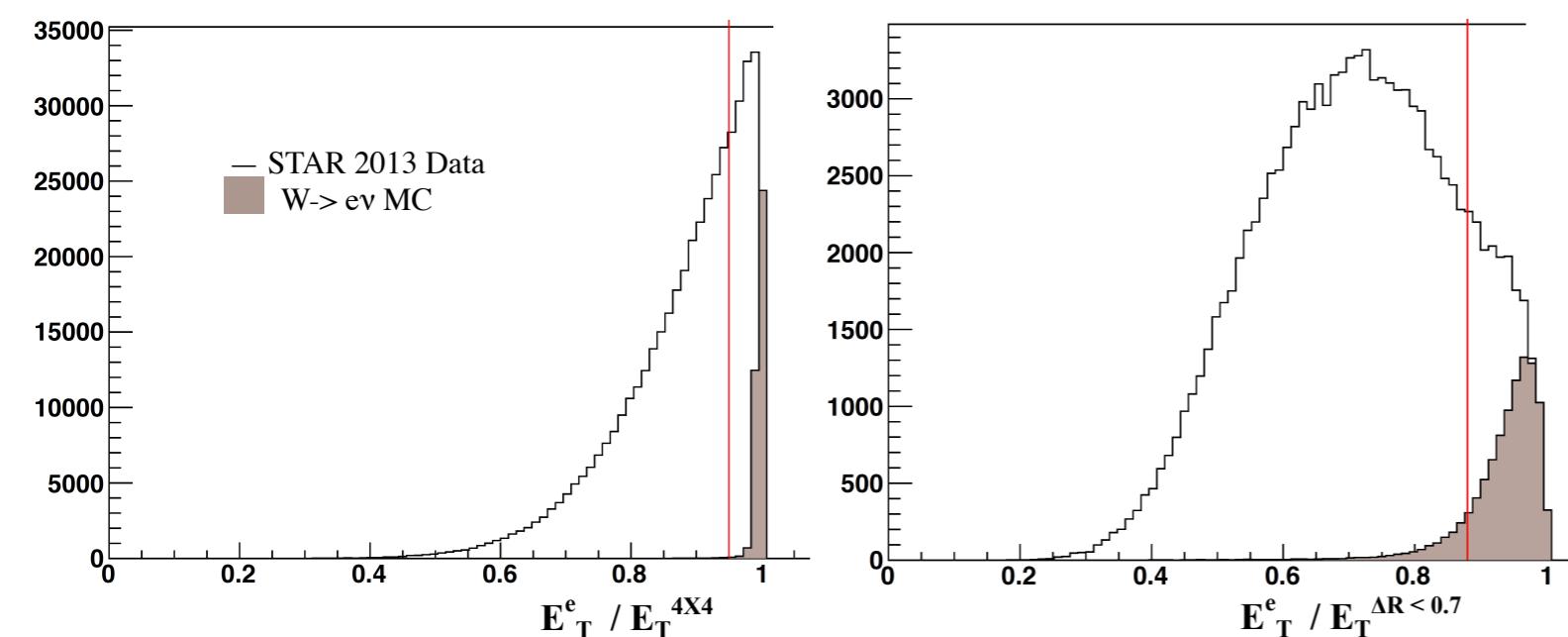
	L (pb^{-1})	P	P^2L (pb^{-1})
Run 9	12	0.38	1.7
Run 11	9.4	0.49	2.3
Run 12	72	0.56	24
Run 13	~300	0.54	~87

Mid-rapidity Analysis Status :

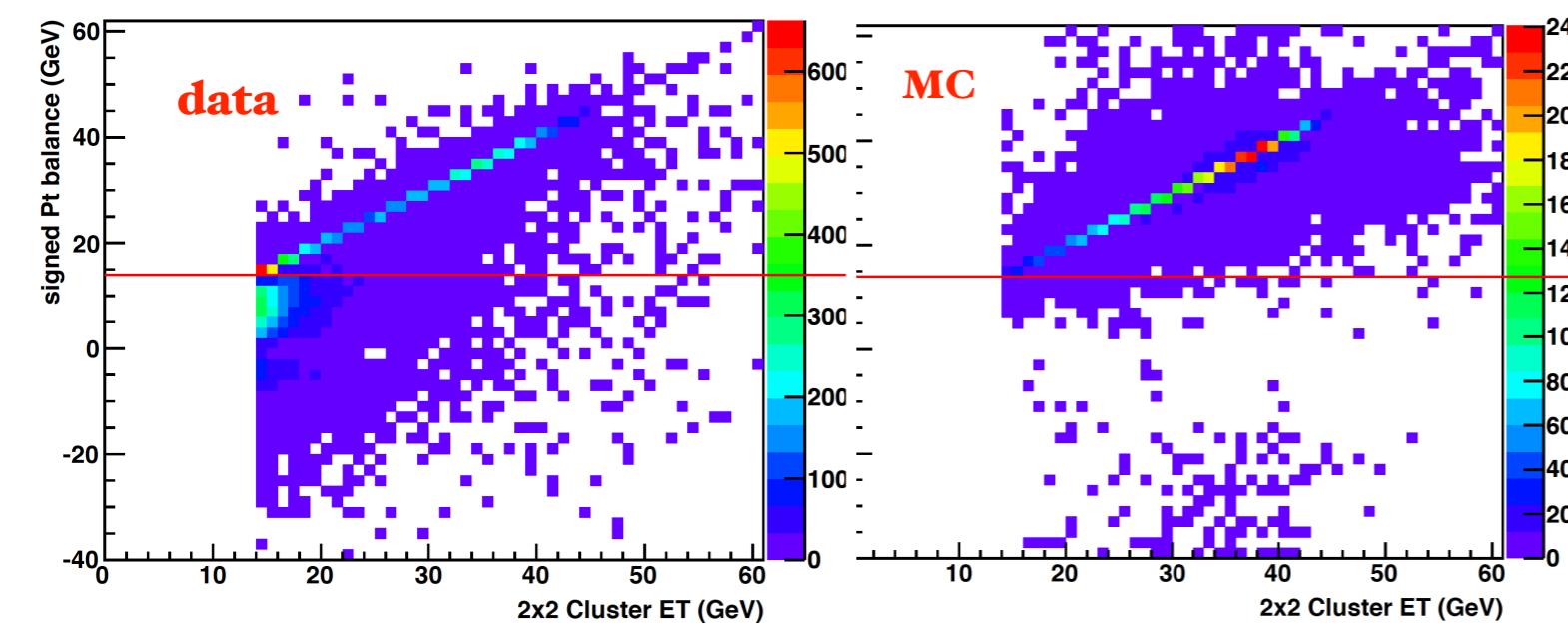


W Selection

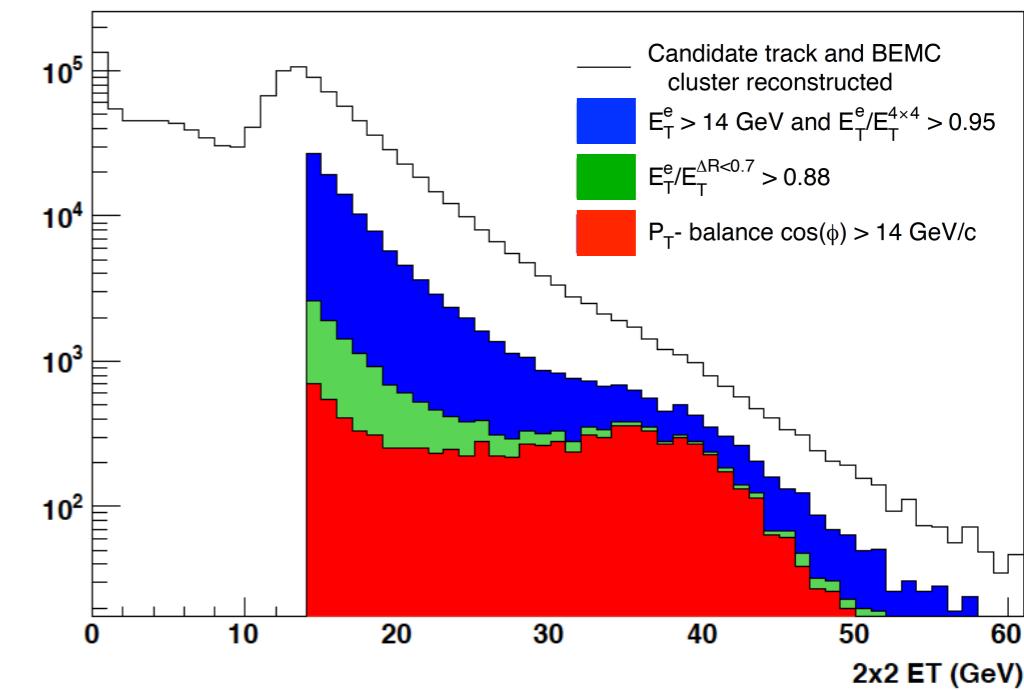
e⁺,e⁻ Isolation



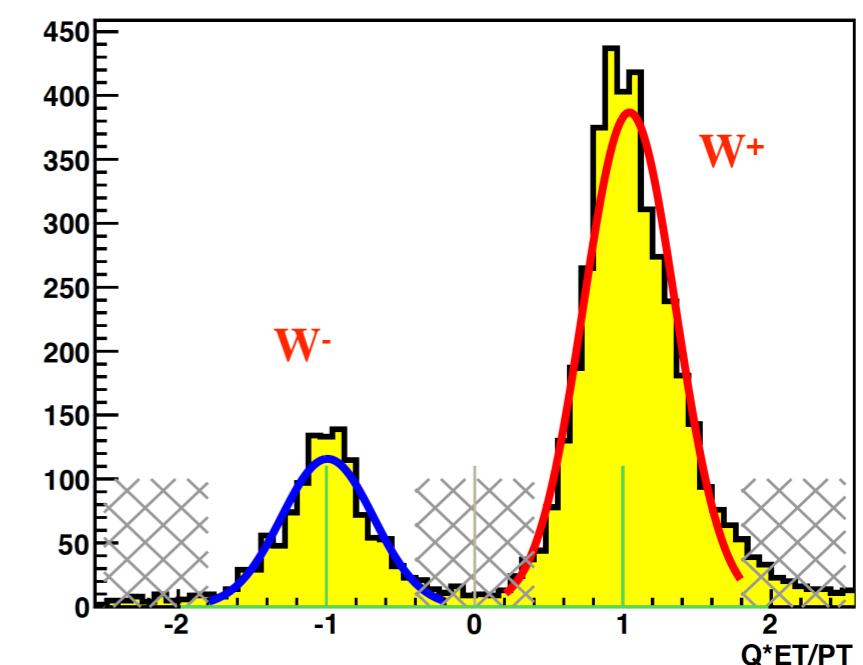
Sign-P_T balance



E_T distribution compare to Selection Cuts

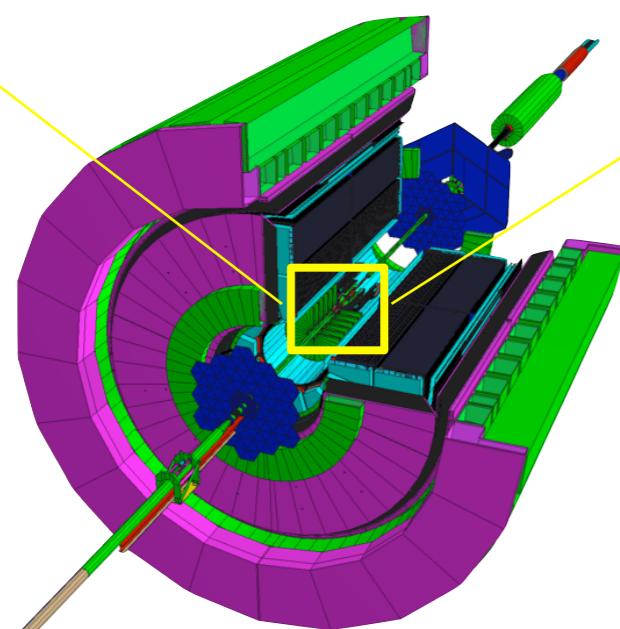
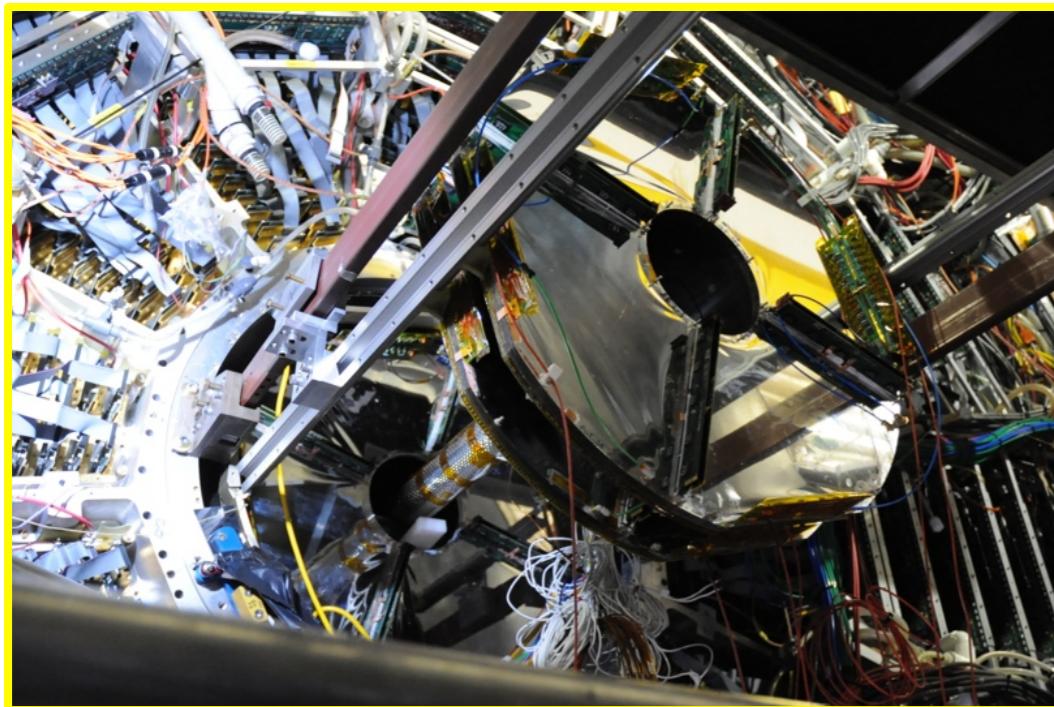


Charge-sign Separation



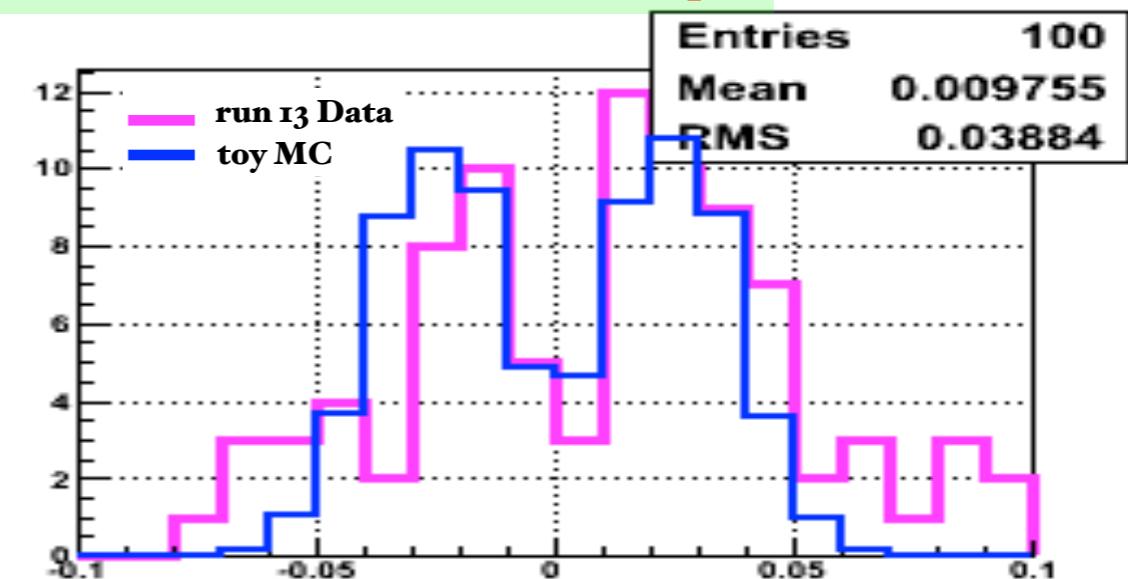
Forward-rapidity Analysis Status :

● FGT (Forward Gem Tracker)



● W Charge-sign Separation using FGT

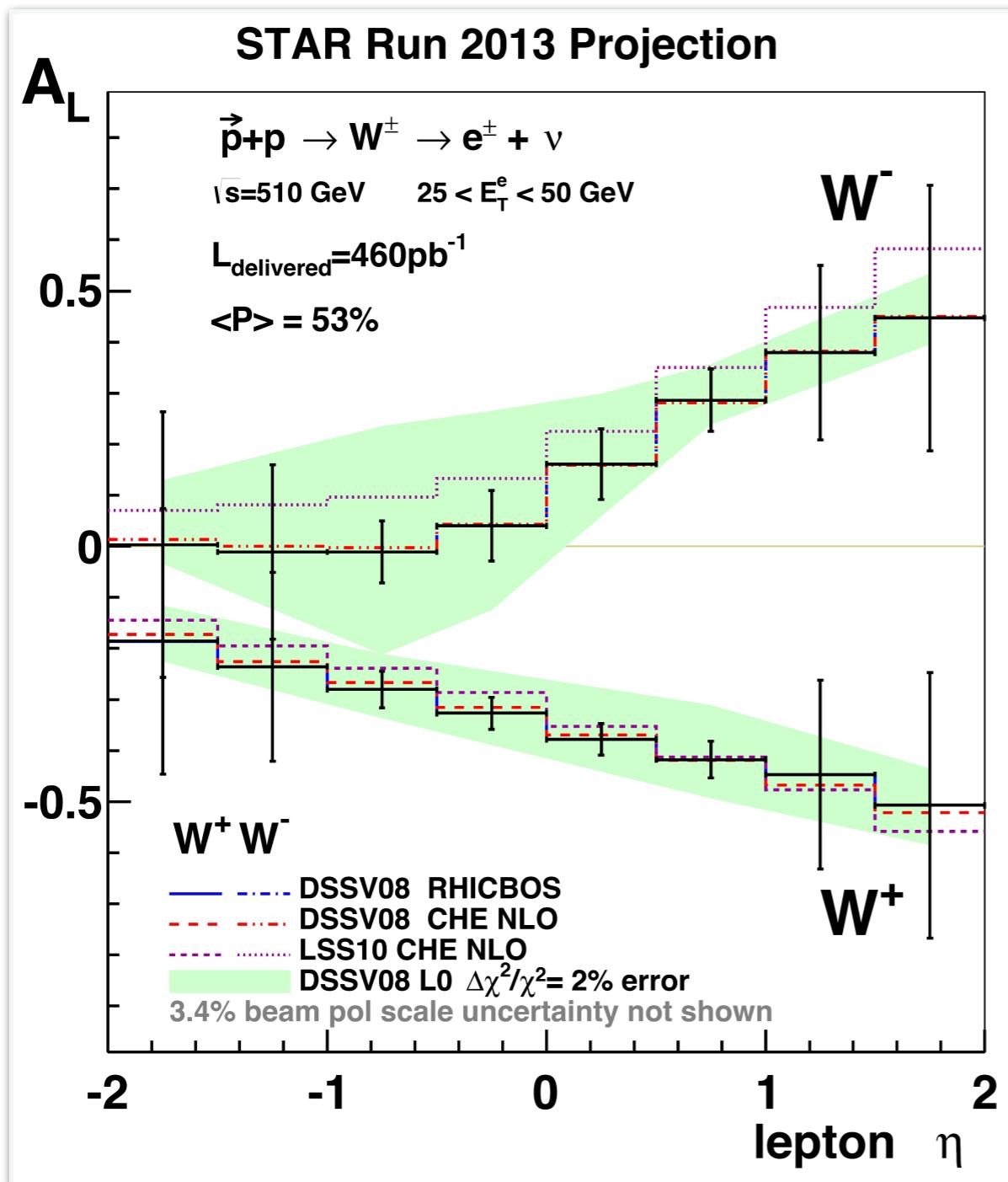
FGT(2≥hits)+Vertex+EEMC+Prompt



FGT res=0.02cm , VTX-XY res=0.02cm, VTX-Z res=1cm, TPC prompt res=0.1cm, EEMC res=0.3cm

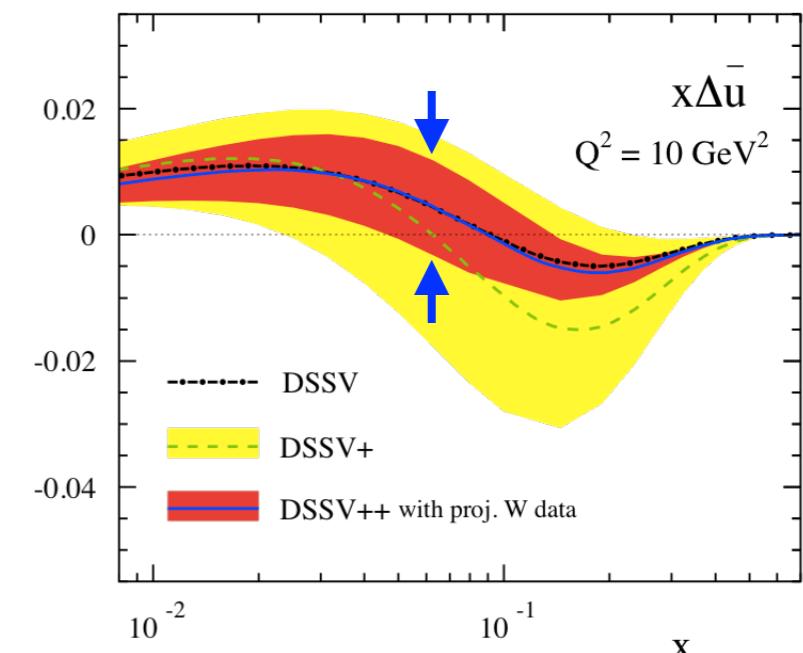
~2.5 sigma separation with FGT+VTX+EEMC+PROMPT (~1/3 events)

STAR 2013 W AL Projections

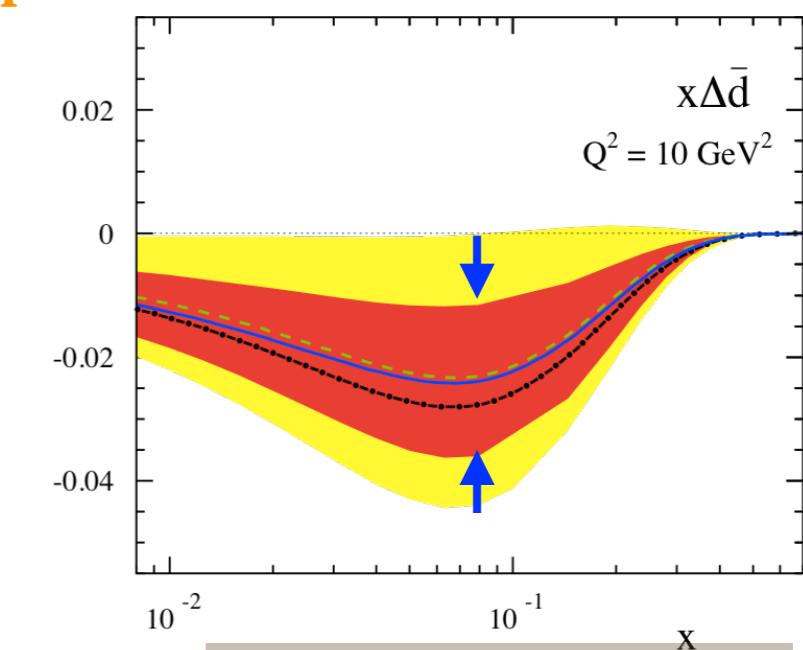


Impact on antiquark polarization

\bar{u} polarization



\bar{d} polarization



arXiv: 1304.0079

Summary / Outlook

- ◆ The Production of W Bosons in polarized p+p collisions provides a new means to study the spin and flavor asymmetries of the proton sea quark distributions
- ◆ STAR has measured the parity violating single-spin asymmetry A_L for $|\eta_e| < 1.4$ from 2012 and 2011 data, providing the first detailed look at the asymmetry's η_e dependance.
- ◆ STAR 2012 W A_L results provide significant constraints on anti u and anti d quark polarization.
- ◆ The first half of the data from the high statistics 2013 run is in the final state of analysis and the analysis of the second half is under way.
- ◆ Projected results from 2013 data shows reduction of uncertainty compare to STAR previous results.

Backup

Extracting Asymmetries using Profile Likelihood Method

- Profile Likelihood method used in extracting Asymmetries from combination of run 2012 and run 2011 data [simple gaussian uncertainties breakdown particularly for small 2011 data sample]
- Define likelihood function for 8 spin-dependent yields from pair of symmetric η region of STAR

$$L = \prod_i^4 p(M_i^a | \mu_i^a) p(M_i^b | \mu_i^b) g(\beta^a) g(\beta^b)$$

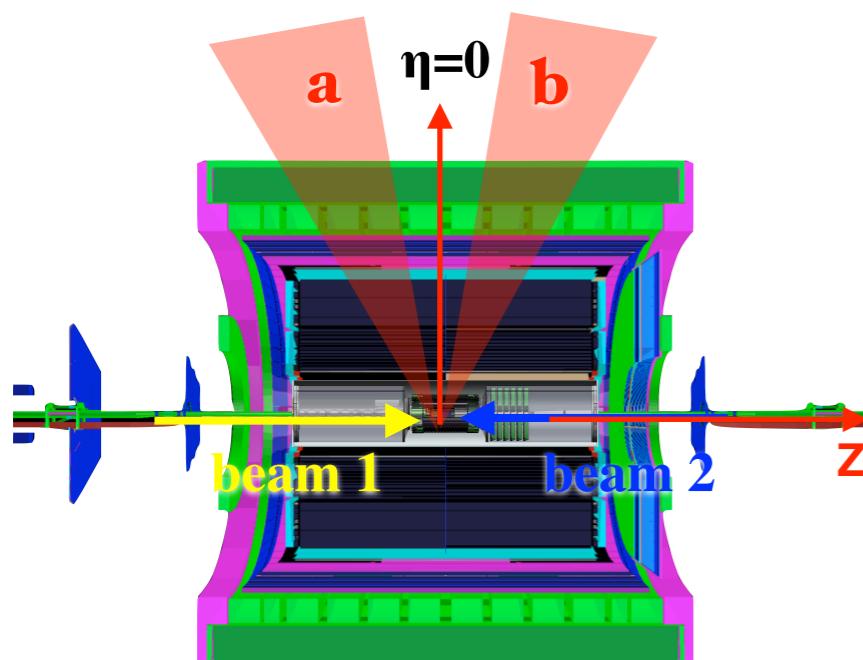
$p(M_i | \mu_i)$ - Poisson probability, for measured spin sorted yield M_i in the expected value μ_i given by:

$$\mu_{++}^a = I_{++} N(1 + P_1 \beta A_L^{+\eta_e} + P_2 \beta A_L^{-\eta_e} + P_1 P_2 \beta A_{LL})$$

$$\mu_{+-}^a = I_{+-} N(1 + P_1 \beta A_L^{+\eta_e} - P_2 \beta A_L^{-\eta_e} - P_1 P_2 \beta A_{LL})$$

$$\mu_{-+}^a = I_{-+} N(1 - P_1 \beta A_L^{+\eta_e} + P_2 \beta A_L^{-\eta_e} - P_1 P_2 \beta A_{LL})$$

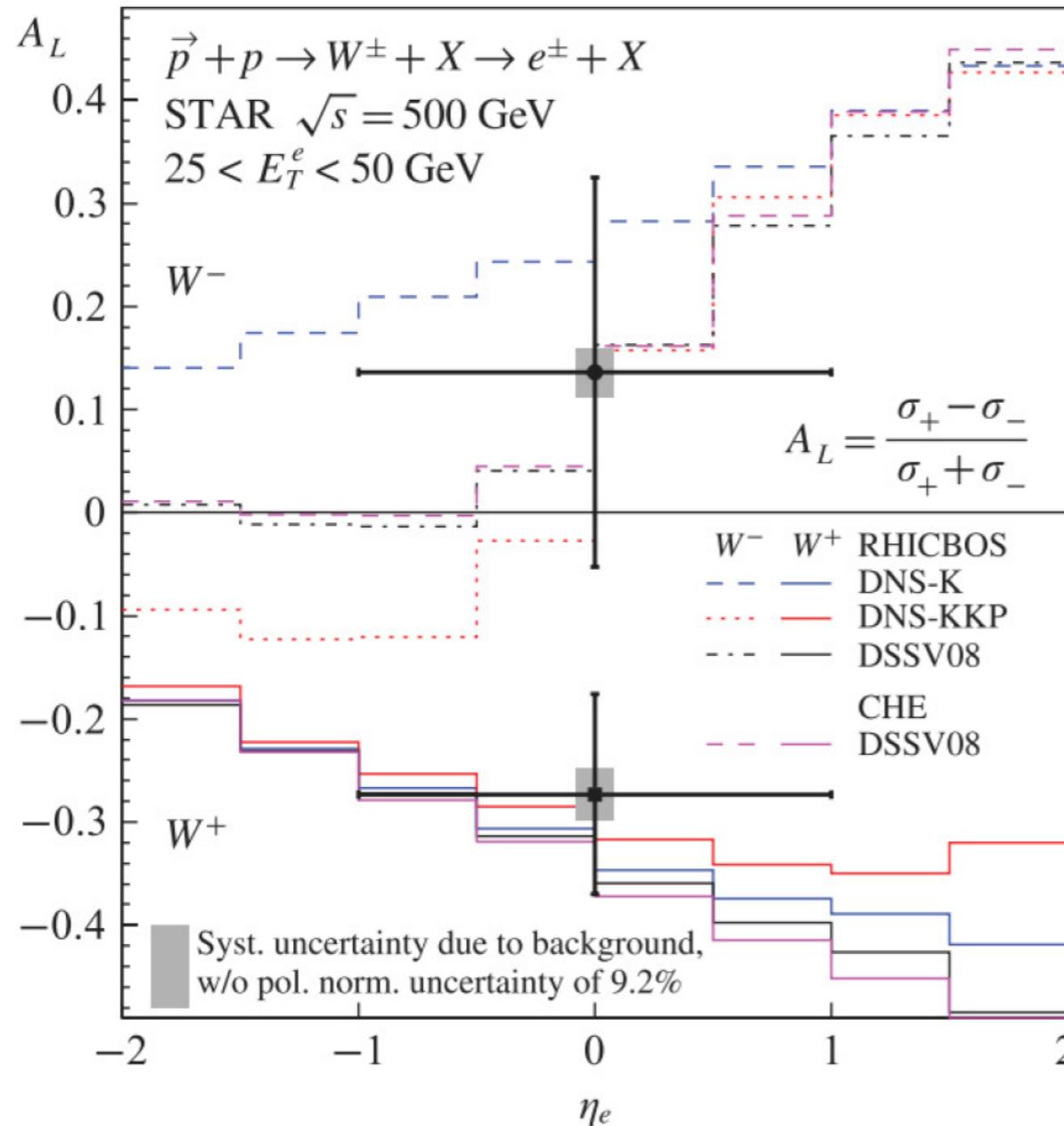
$$\mu_{--}^a = I_{--} N(1 - P_1 \beta A_L^{+\eta_e} - P_2 \beta A_L^{-\eta_e} + P_1 P_2 \beta A_{LL})$$



P_1, P_2 - beam polarization $A_L^{+\eta_e} (A_L^{-\eta_e})$ - single spin asymmetry
 A_{LL} - double spin asymmetry N - spin averaged yield $I_{\pm\pm}$ - relative luminosity

$g(\beta)$ - Gaussian probability for estimated dilution background β

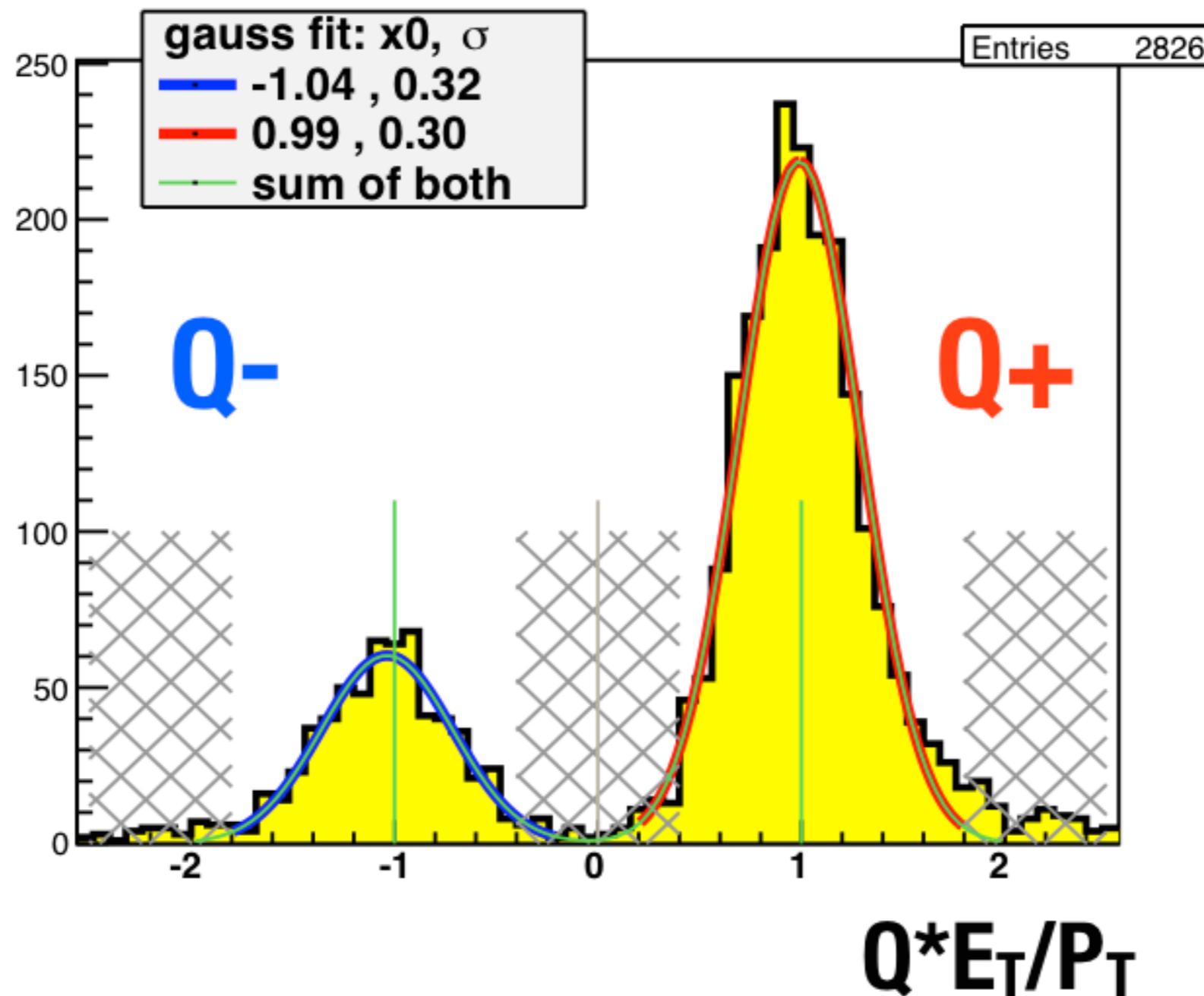
STAR 2009 W Results



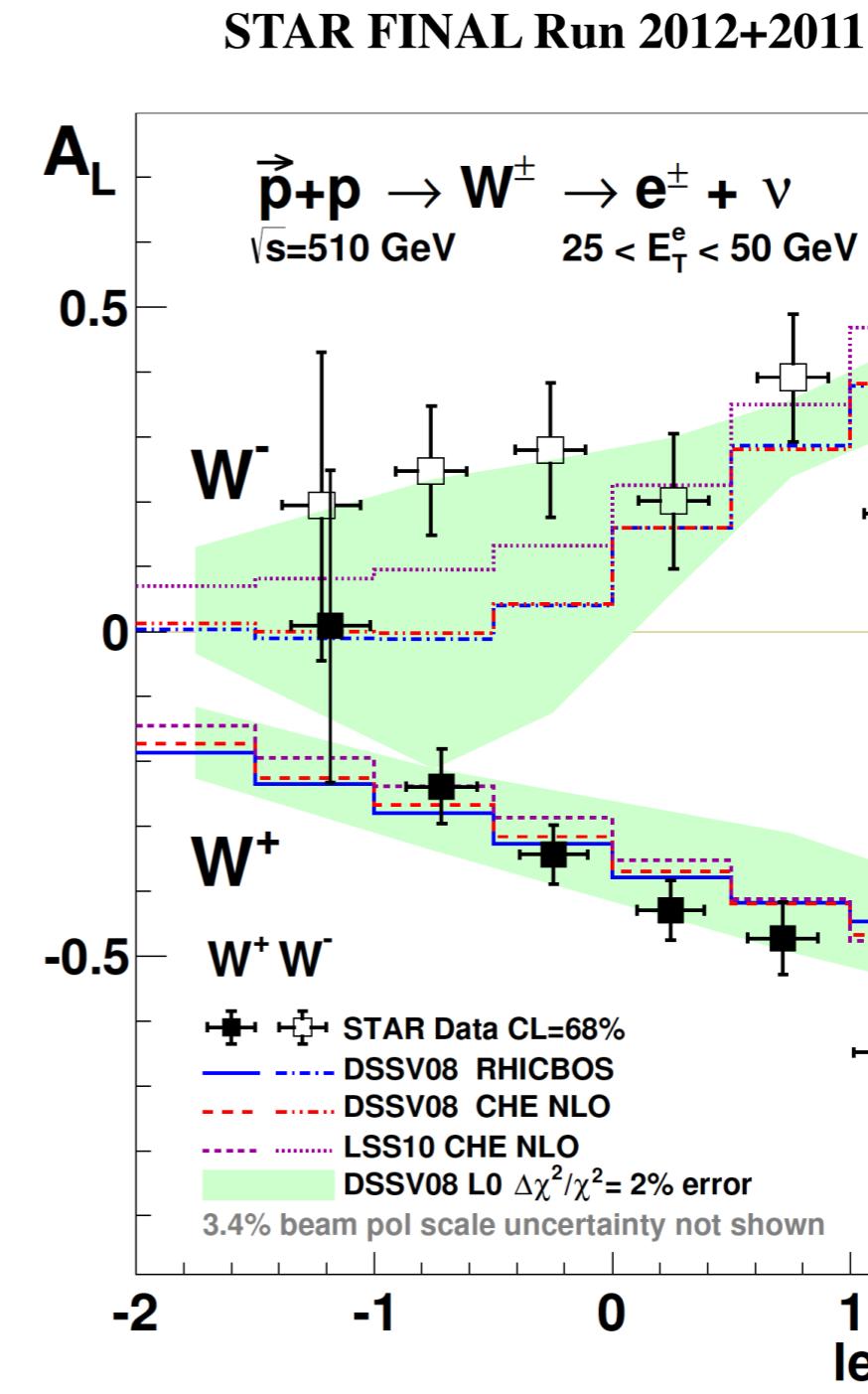
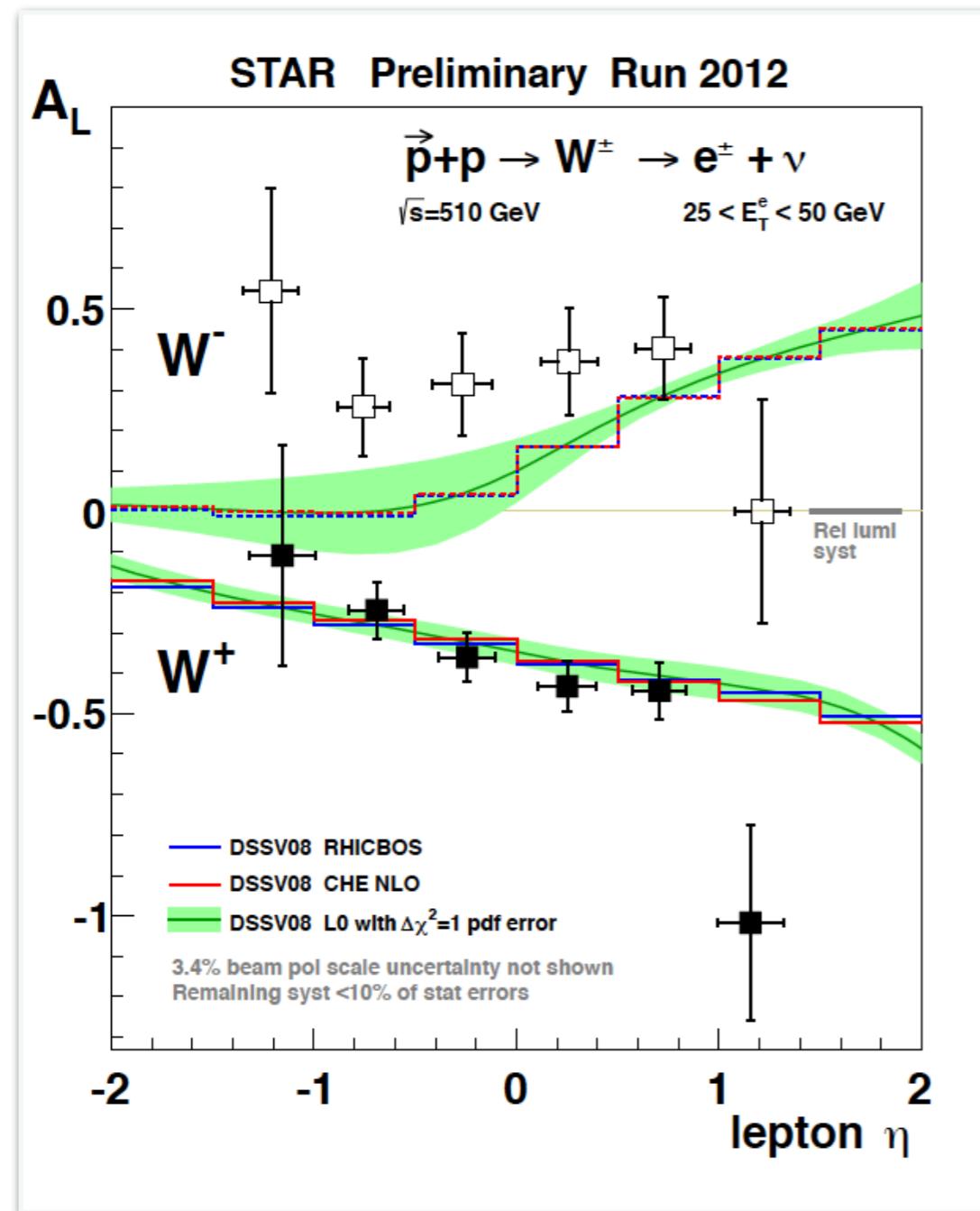
STAR pp500 Longitudinal		
Run	$L (pb^{-1})$	$W^+(W^-)$ raw yield
2009	12	462 (192)
2011	9	342 (103)
2012	77	2417 (734)

PRL 106, 062002 (2011)

Mid-Rapidity charge sign separation

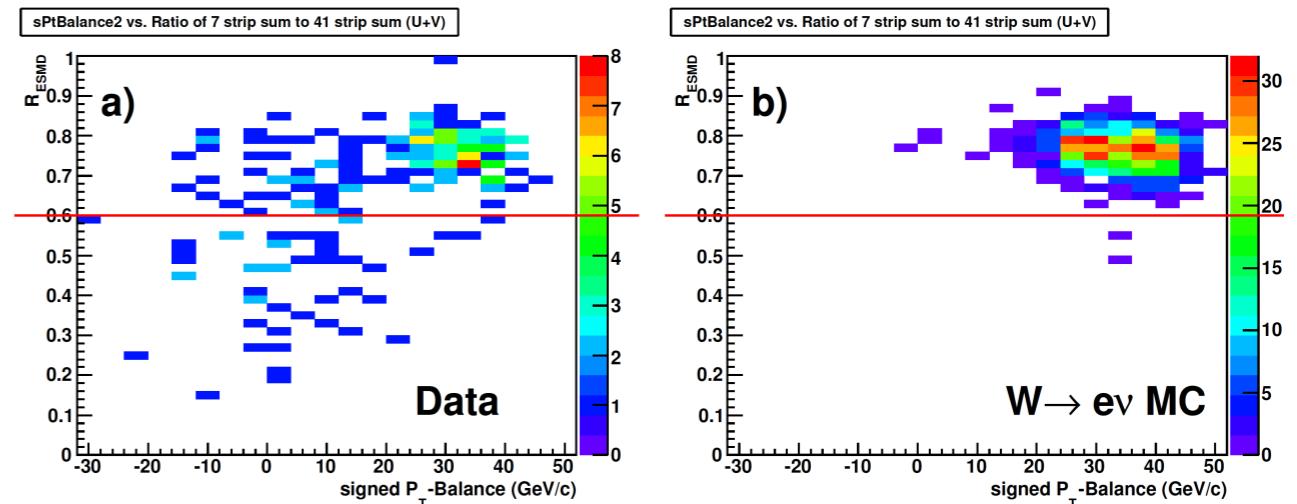
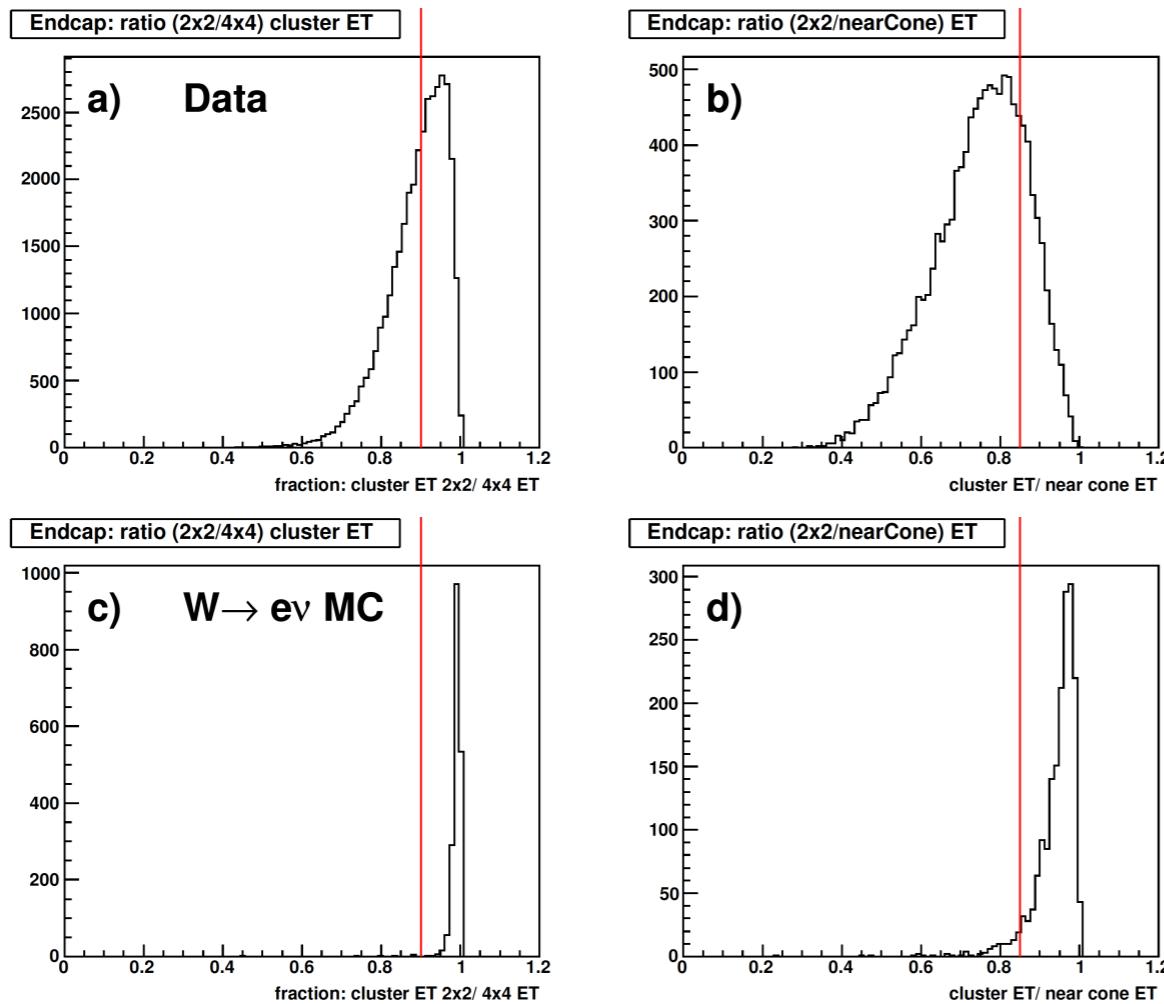


Run 12 Preliminary results compare to Final

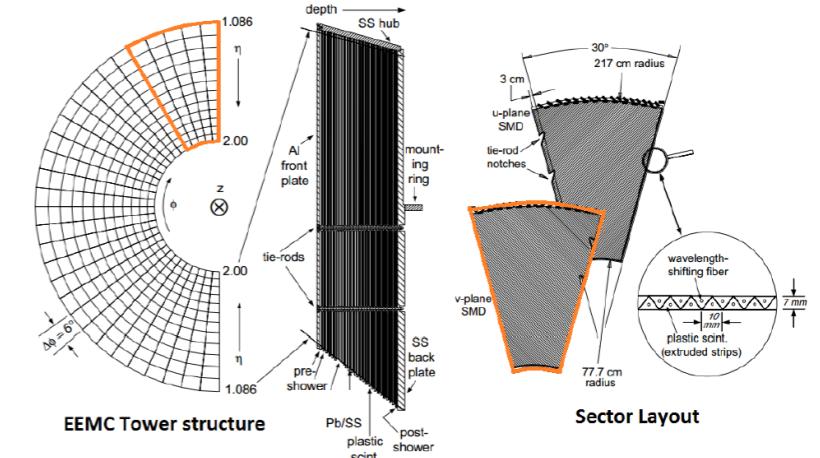
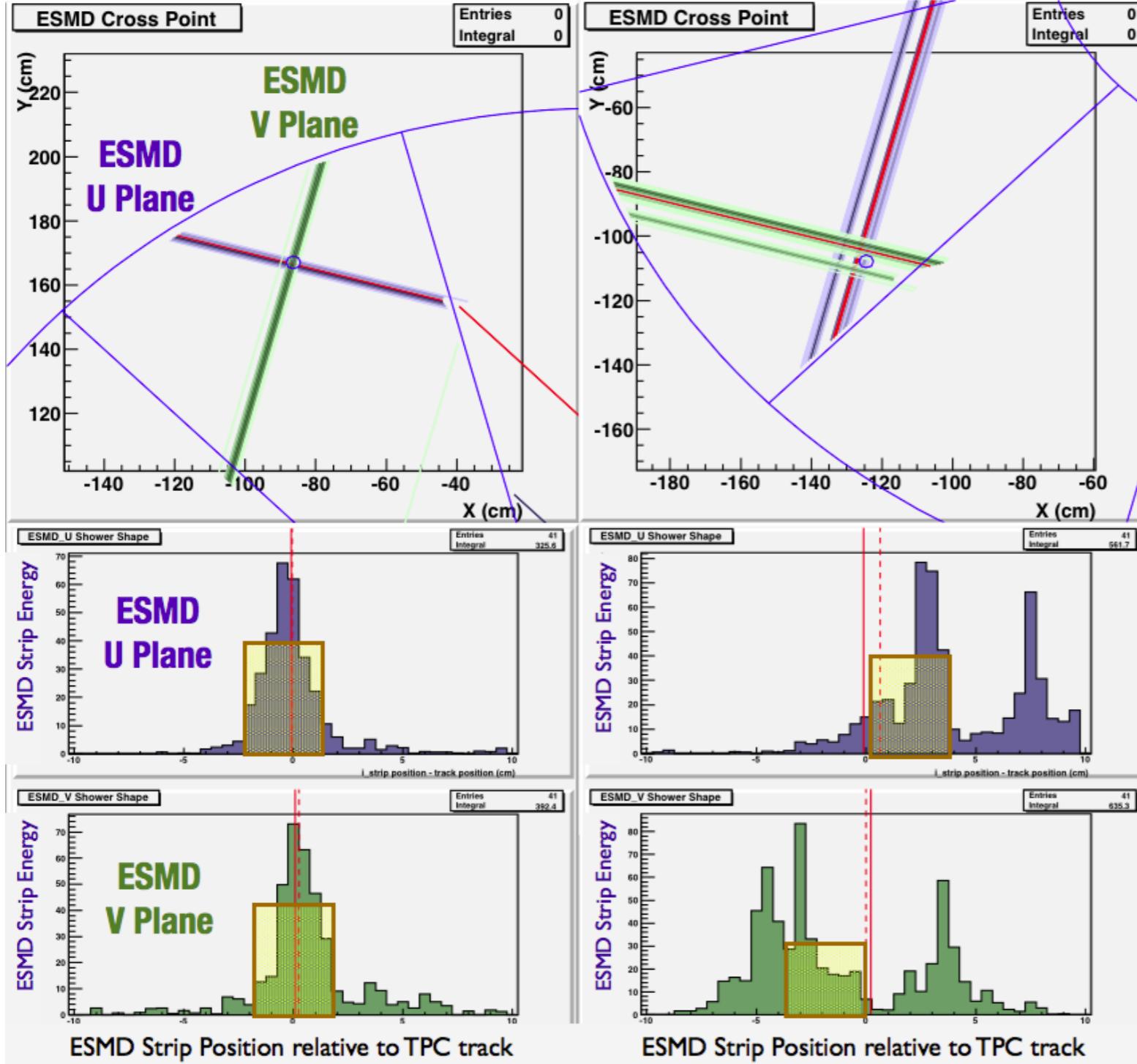


PRL 113,72301 (2014)

Endcap W Selection

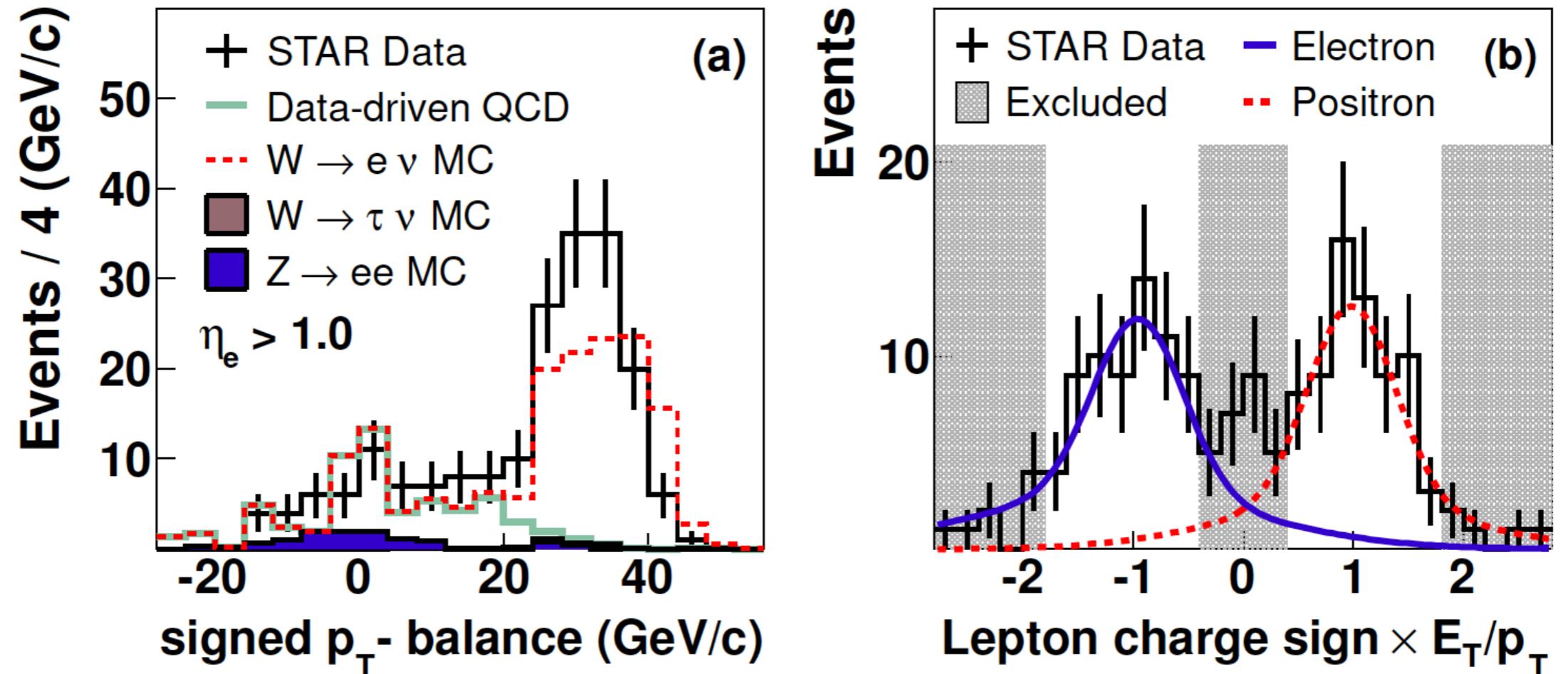


ESMD CUTS



$$R_{ESMD} = \frac{\sum_{i=-3}^{+3} E_i^U + E_i^V}{\sum_{i=-20}^{+20} E_i^U + E_i^V}$$

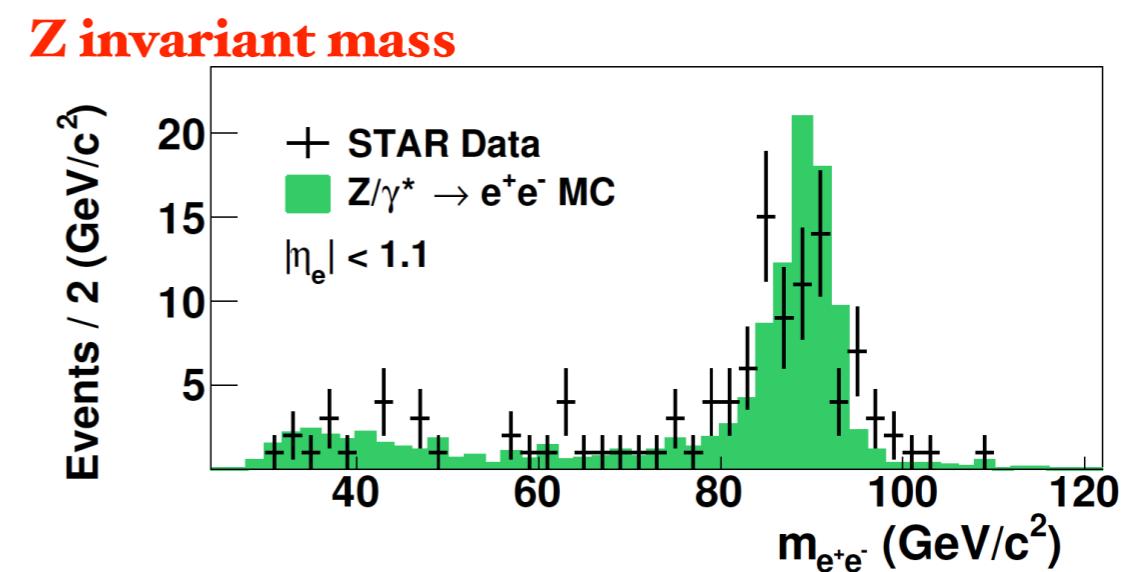
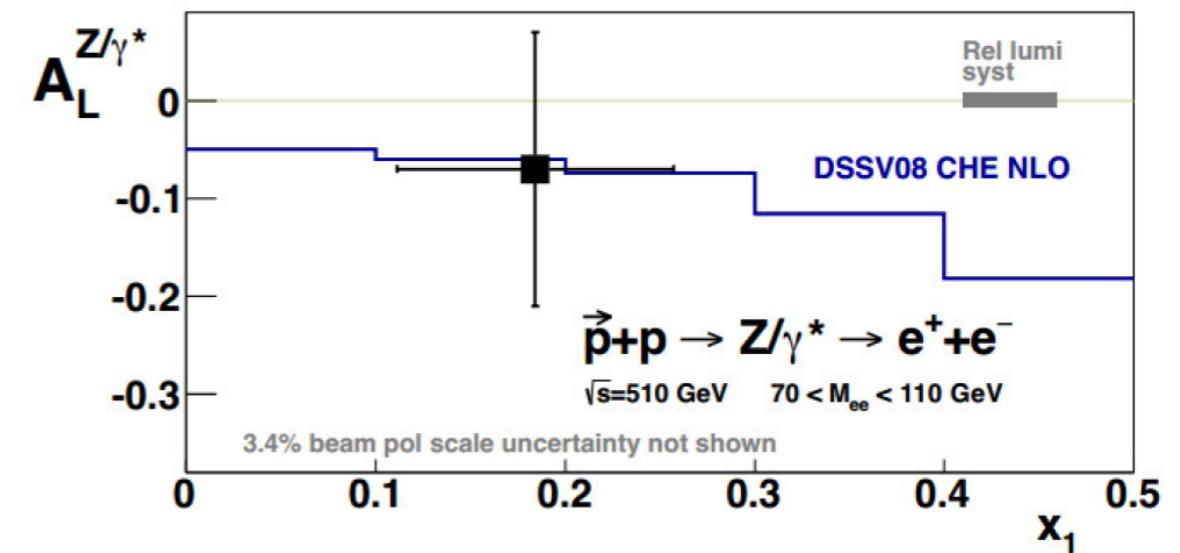
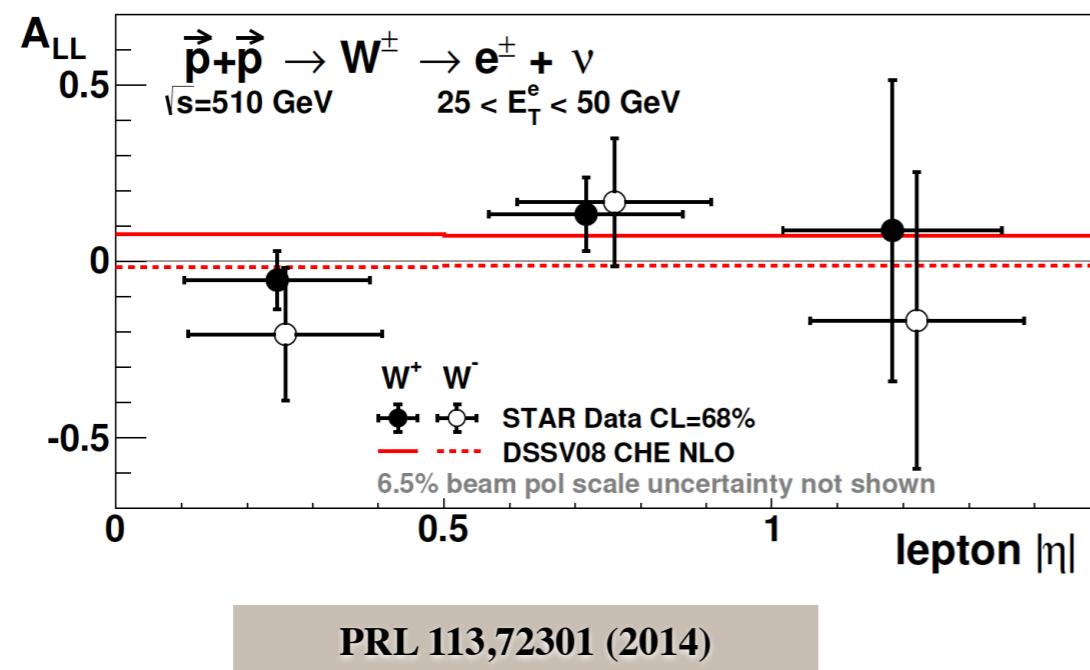
Forward Rapidity Background Estimation and charge sign separation



PRL 113,72301 (2014)

Run 12 ALL and Z AL results

$$A_{LL} = \frac{(\sigma^{++} + \sigma^{--}) - (\sigma^{+-} + \sigma^{-+})}{(\sigma^{++} + \sigma^{--}) + (\sigma^{+-} + \sigma^{-+})}$$



W production: more details

Helicity structure can see in the differential cross section of W

$$\frac{d\sigma_{W^+}}{d \cos \theta} \propto \bar{d}(x_1)u(x_2)(1 + \cos \theta)^2 + u(x_1)\bar{d}(x_2)(1 - \cos \theta)^2$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{W^-}}{d \cos \theta} \propto \bar{u}(x_1)d(x_2)(1 - \cos \theta)^2 + d(x_1)\bar{u}(x_2)(1 + \cos \theta)^2,$$

W tends to boost direction of the valance quark traveling

Helicity structure of the interaction causes lepton to emit parallel (antiparallel) to W-(W+)



higher (lower) x parton in the collision is most likely quark (antiquark) . And quark is very likely to come from valance region

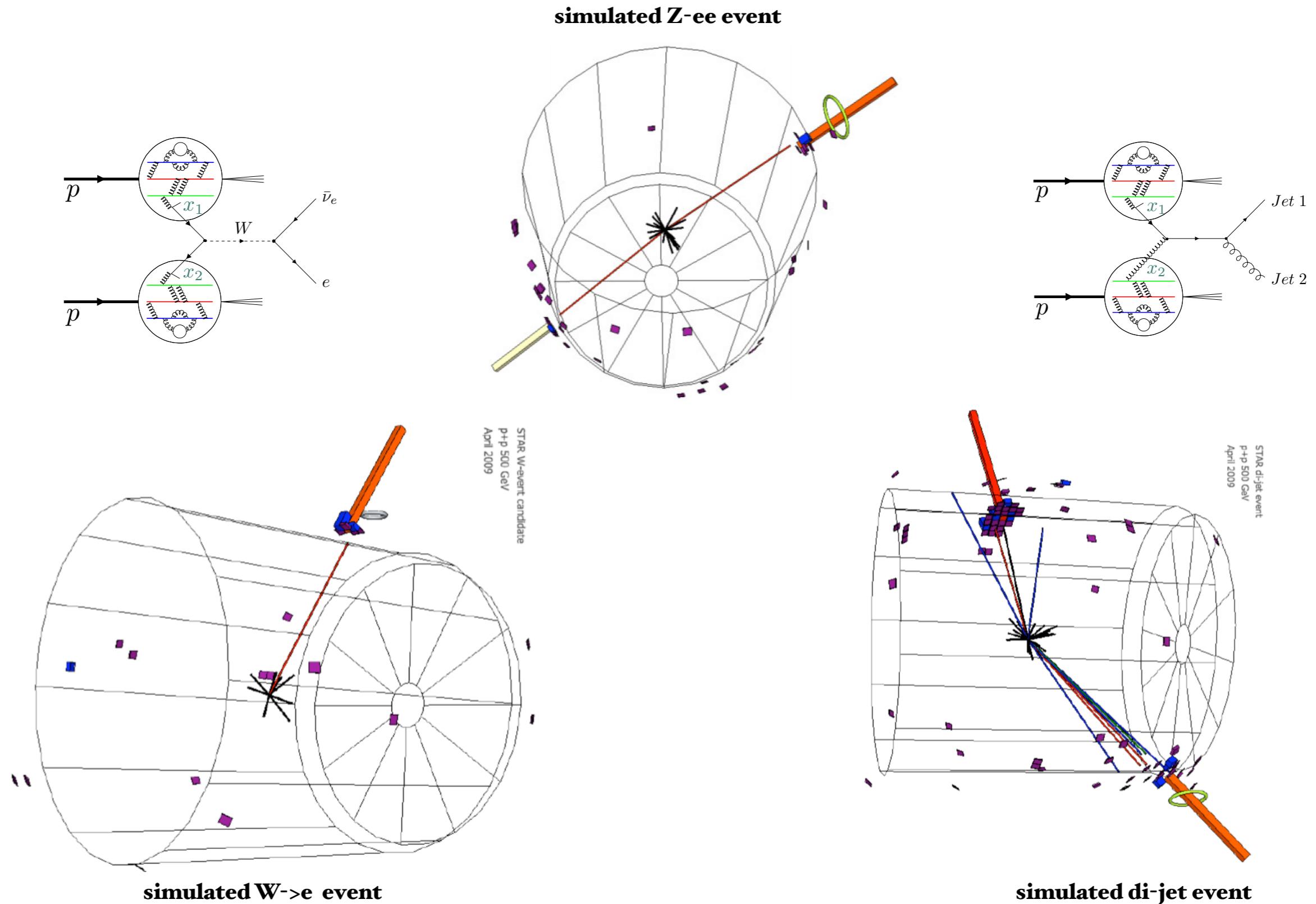
W longitudinal momentum

$$p_{L,W} = \frac{\sqrt{s}}{2} (x_1 - x_2)$$

e decay kinematics in lab frame related to W boost direction

$$p_{L,e}^{lab} = \frac{1}{\gamma} p_{L,e}^* + \beta E_e^{lab}, \quad p_{L,e}^* = \cos \theta \cdot M_W / 2 \quad (p_T^e = \sin \theta \cdot M_W / 2),$$

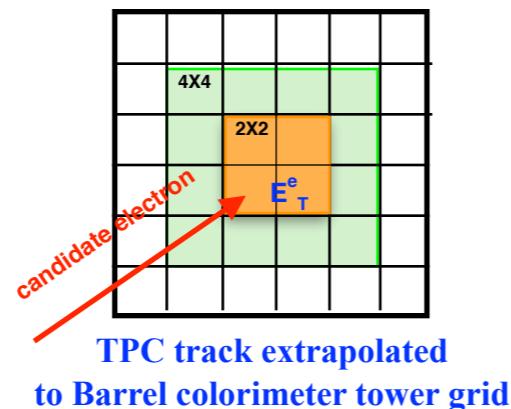
W , di-Jet and Z type events



Mid-rapidity ($|y_e| < 1$) W Selection

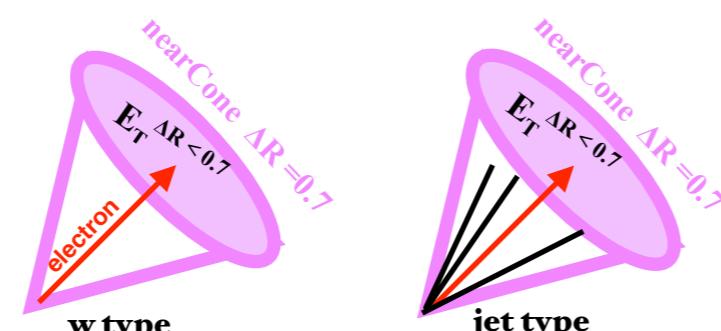
- Match $P_T > 10$ GeV TPC tracks to EMC cluster

$$E_T^e / E_T^{4 \times 4} > 0.95$$



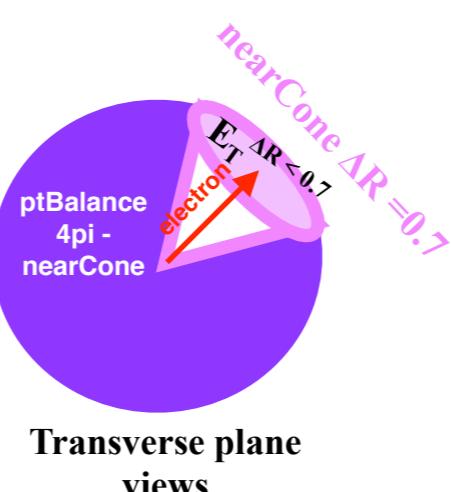
- Isolate from QCD di-jet type event

$$E_T^e / E_T^{\Delta R < 0.7} > 0.88$$

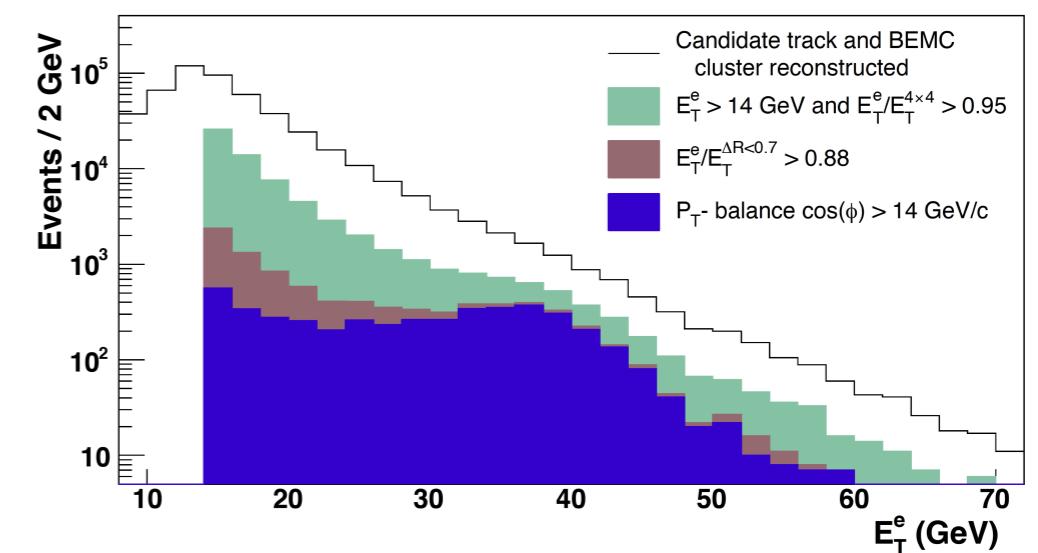
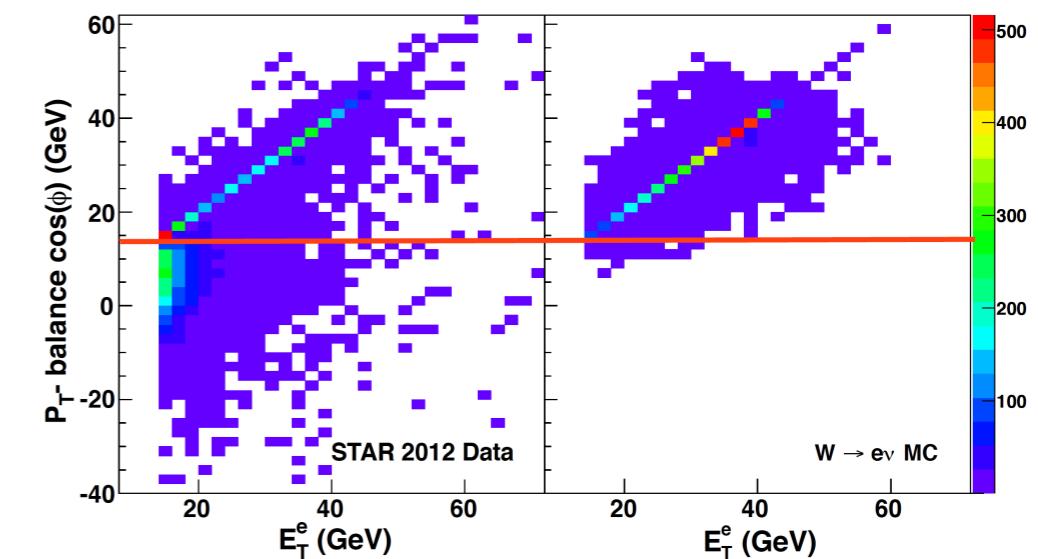
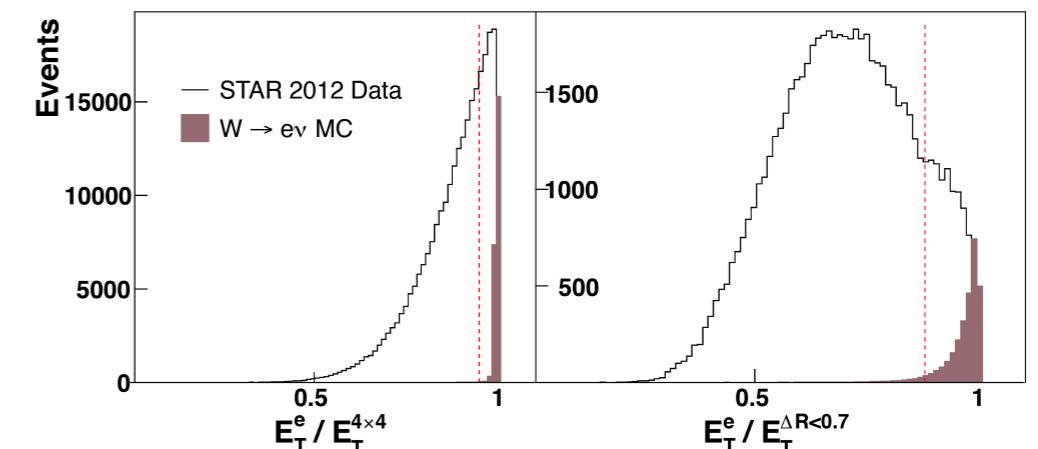


- Use Larger imbalance of transverse momentum

$$\vec{p}_T^{balance} = \vec{p}_T^e + \sum_{\Delta R > 0.7} \vec{p}_T^{jets}$$

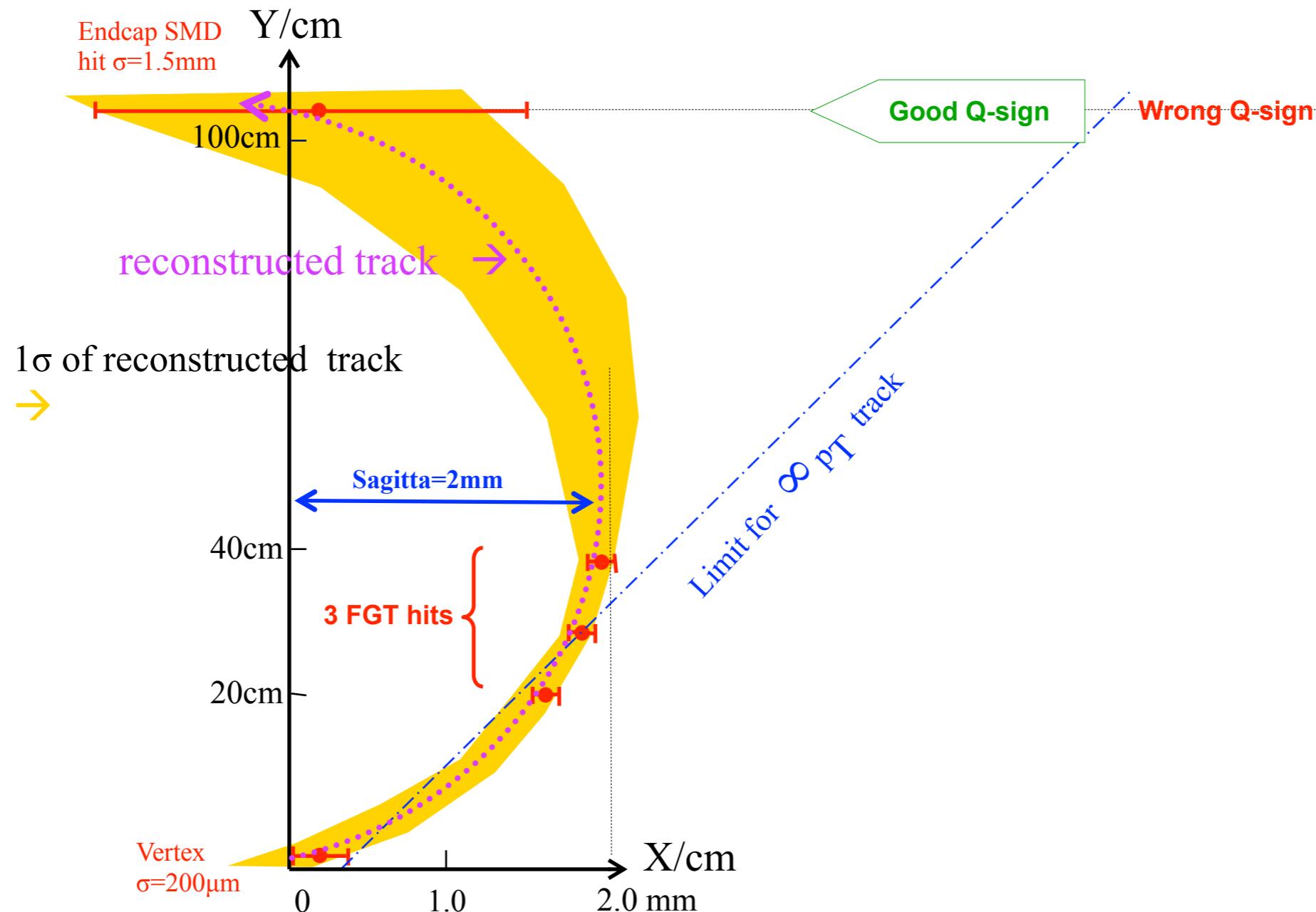


- e+ and e- Charge sign Separation



FGT

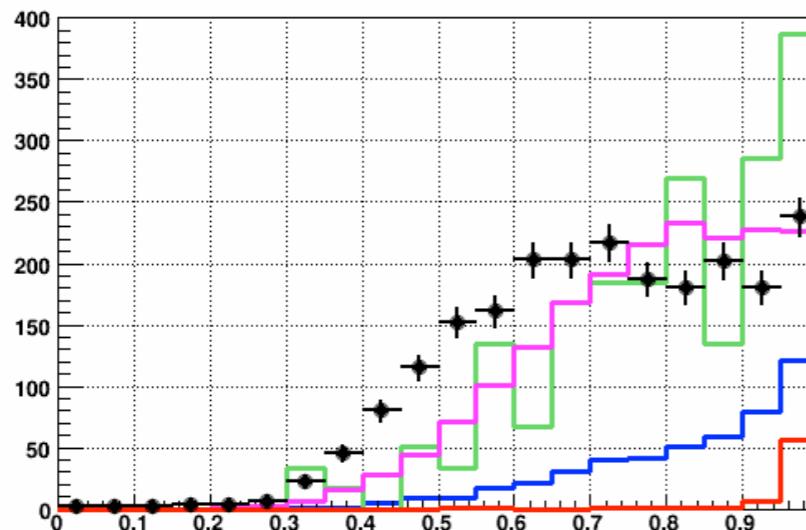
Illustration of charge-sign discrimination



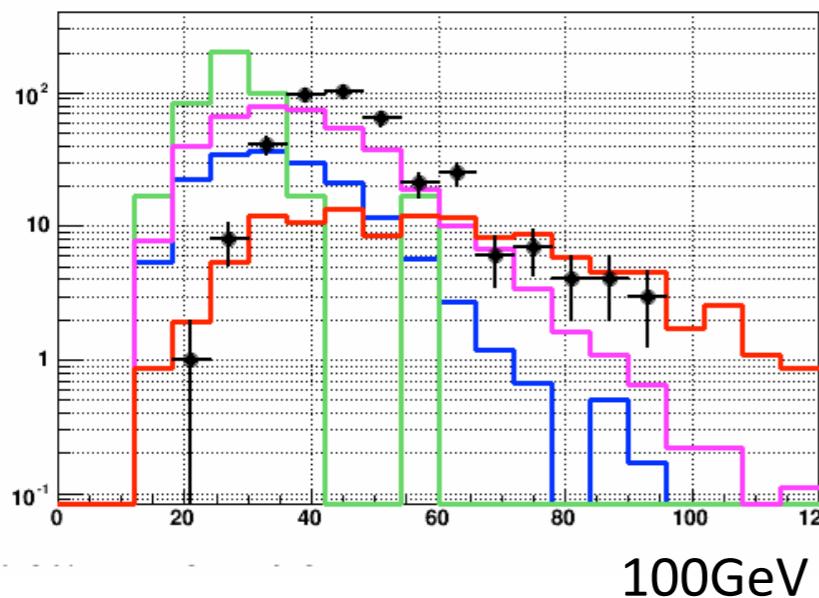
FGT track reconstruction

- Comparison of data / fast MC: Track reconstruction

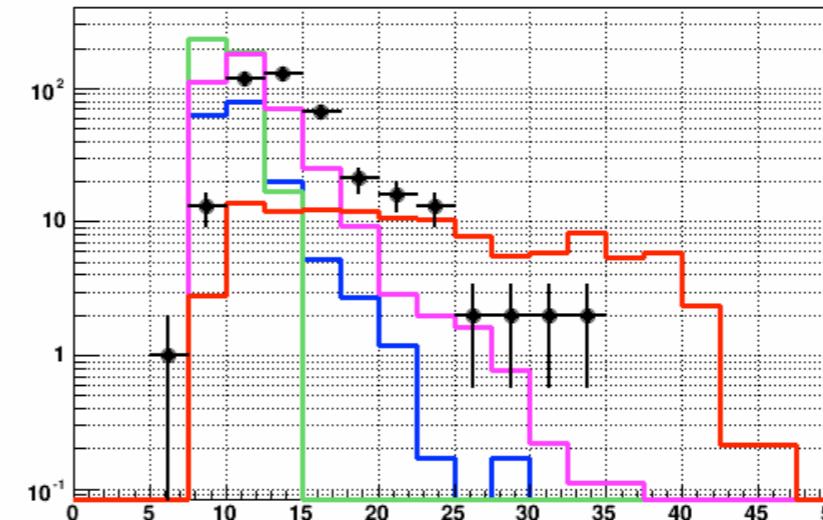
RISOLATION



E [GeV]



pT[GeV/c]



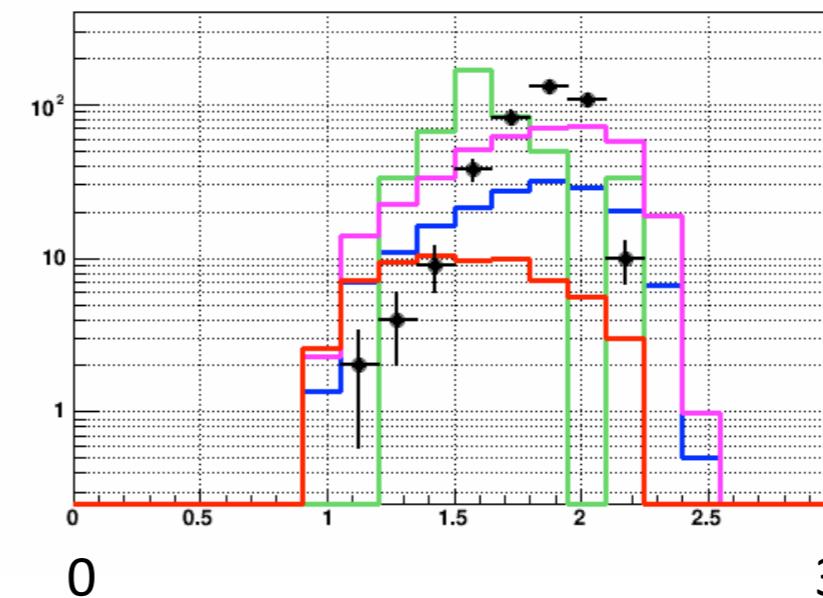
PseudoRapidity

50GeV/c

PYTHIA W

PYTHIA QCD electrons

PYTHIA QCD photons



Unpolarized BG β and systematic uncertainties

- [simple gaussian uncertainties breakdown particularly for small 2011 data sample]